



Government of India

**National Commission for
Backward Classes**

**Annual Report
2014-15**

**Trikoot-1, Bhikaiji Cama Place,
New Delhi-110 066**

www.ncbc.nic.in

Editorial Board

Shri A. K. Mangotra, Member Secretary,	Editor in Chief
Smt. Shilpa Taneja, Research Officer,	Editor
Shri D. K. Pandey, Research Investigator,	Editorial Assistance

INDEX

Sl. No.	Content	Page No.
1.	From the Chairperson's Desk	1-3
2.	Chapter-I Introduction	4-11
3.	Chapter-II Functions of the Commission	12-14
4.	Chapter-III Composition of the Commission	15-19
5.	Chapter-IV Work done by the Commission	20-51
6.	Chapter-V Annual Accounts	52-76
	Annexures	77
	Annexure- I: DOPT O.M. No.36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 8 th September 1993.	78-83
	Annexure-II: DOPT O.M. No. 36033/3/2004-Estt.(Res.), dated 09 th March, 2004	84-85
	Annexure-III: DOPT O.M. No. 36033/3/2004-Estt.(Res.), dated 14 th October 2008.	86-87
	Annexure-IV: DOPT O.M. No. 36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res.), dated 27 th May 2013.	88-89
	Annexure- V: Gazette Notification No.12011/04/2014-BCII, dated 14.01.2015	90-92
	Annexure-VI: Gazette Notification No.12011/7/2014-BCII, dated 23.01.2015	93-94
	Annexure-VII: DOPT O.M. No. 36036/2/2013-Estt.(Res.), dated 30 th May 2014.	95-97

Justice V. Eswaraiah

Chairperson

(Former Acting Chief Justice
High Court of Andhra Pradesh)
(Status of Union abinet Minsiter)



NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR BACKWARD CLASSES

MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE & EMPOWERMENT
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
TRIKOOT-1, BHIKAJI CAMA PLACE, NEW DELHI-110066
TEL: 011-26183152 FAX: 011-26182388
E-mail: vej@rediffmail.com

From the Chairperson's Desk



The year 2014-15 has seen some momentous developments in the working of the National Commission for Backward Classes. The Judgement of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Ram Singh & Ors. Vs. Union of India & Ors (W.P. (C) No. 274 of 2014) dated 17th March, 2015 has come as a landmark Judgment for securing the social justice and protect all the genuine backward classes of the country.

Firstly, the Judgement very clearly lays down the yardsticks (and the quality of data) which are to be kept in mind when deciding about inclusion of new classes into the lists of OBCs. Not only this, the Judgment has exhorted the Government not to confine itself to identifying castes as backward classes but also to keep an eye open for newer forms of backwardness which are emerging in the society.

Backwardness cannot be determined on the basis of any mathematical formula and its determination should also cease to be relative.

Feelings of historical injustice and possible wrong inclusions in the past cannot be the basis for further inclusions. The Judgment stresses the fact that "the gates would be opened only to permit entry of the most distressed".


In this case the Hon'ble Supreme Court found that the advice of the NCBC was adequately supported by good and acceptable reasons which furnished a sound and reasonable basis for further consequential action on part of the Union Government. By this Judgment, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has strengthened the hands of NCBC and given a clear direction in which to move on the path of determining backwardness for the purposes of inclusion/exclusion from the list of OBCs. The NCBC has already started identification of newer forms of backwardness. Recommendations have already been made for including all "transgenders" as OBCs. As a next step in this direction, the NCBC is considering the case of "orphans" for inclusion in the list of OBCs. This case is presently under consultation with the State Governments.

Apart from this Supreme Court Judgment, there have been major initiatives taken by the NCBC on long pending issues which had not been adequately addressed in the past. These pertain to:-

- i) Rationalization of the Rule of Exclusion
- ii) Sub - categorization amongst OBCs
- iii) Socio - Economic Caste Census – 2011
- iv) Decadal review of OBCs list

During the year, the NCBC has taken the bull by the horns and has tackled all the above four issues. Details of action taken on all the four these issues are included in this annual report. Suffice it to say, the NCBC has submitted their full-fledged reports and recommendations to the MoSJE on all the above. If implemented in letter and spirit, these reports will go a long way in addressing the burning issues being faced today by the country's OBCs.

I would like to thank all my Brother Members on the Commission who have assisted in all meetings and public hearings with their views, opinions and suggestions. The Research and Administration wings have been putting in their best efforts to help NCBC achieve its aims and objectives. I also would like to place on record the efforts of the Editorial Team which has put together a completely different annual report.



(Justice V. Eswaraiah)

Chapter -1

Introduction

The Preamble of the Constitution of India aims to achieve the objective of securing to its citizens social, economic and political justice, liberty, equality and fraternity. It also indicates the methodology to be followed for reaching this goal of providing social justice. Article 14 of the Constitution enjoins upon the State to provide to all persons equality before law and equal protection of the laws. The principle of "right to equality" is further reiterated in positive and affirmative terms in Articles 15 and 16. Article 15(1), prohibits discrimination of any citizen and under clause (5) of Article 15, the State is empowered to make special provisions by law for advancement of any socially and educationally backward classes of citizens in the matter of admissions to the educational institutions. Special care was taken to declare equality of opportunity in the matter of public employment through Article 16. Clause (1) of this Article declares that in the matter of public employment or appointment to any office under the State, all citizens of this country shall have equality of opportunity. At the same time, Clause (4) declares that nothing in this Article shall prevent the State from making any provision for reservation in appointments or posts in favour of any backward class of citizens which, in the opinion of the State is not adequately represented in the services under the State.

In order to fulfil the objective of providing equal opportunities to the weaker sections of the society, on the recommendations of Mandal Commission, Government of India, vide O.M. No. 36012/31/90-Est. (SCT) dated 13-8-1990, provided 27% reservation in Central posts and services to Backward Classes. This O.M. was amended by O.M. dated

25.08.1991 as follows:- 2(i) Within the 27% of the vacancies in civil posts and services under the Government of India reserved for SEBCs preference shall be given to candidates belonging to the poorer sections of the SEBCs. In case sufficient number of such candidates is not available, unfilled vacancies shall be filled by the other SEBC candidates. However, its operation was challenged in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court in its landmark judgement dated 16-11-1992 in Writ Petition (Civil) No 930 of 1990, Indra Sawhney etc. etc. Vs Union of India & Others etc. etc. (1992) Supp.3 SCC217, popularly known as the Mandal Case Judgement held the O.M. No. 36012/31/90-Est. (SCT) dated 13-8-1990 to be valid and enforceable subject to the exclusion of the socially advanced persons/sections ('Creamy Layer' as it was termed) from the notified Backward Classes clause 2(i) of O.M. dated 25.09.1991 was read down to classify the OBCs on the basis of degree of social backwardness. Another direction of the Supreme Court required the Government of India, and each of the State Governments and Administrations of Union Territories to constitute a permanent body, in the nature of a Commission or Tribunal, for entertaining and advising the respective governments on the requests for inclusion and complaints of over-inclusion or under-inclusion in the lists of Backward Classes and also directed that the Advice tendered by such body shall ordinarily be binding upon the concerned Government.

In pursuance of this direction of the Supreme Court, the Government of India enacted the National Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993 (Act No. 27 of 1993), setting up a National Commission for Backward Classes at the Centre. The Act came into effect on the 2nd April 1993. The Government of India constituted the Commission by its Notification No. 12011/34/BCC(C)/Pt. I dated 14th

August, 1993 with the first team of five Members with a tenure of three years. Presently, the VII Commission is working under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Justice V.Eswaraiah.

Review of Income Criteria

The expert committee appointed by the Government of India submitted its creamy layer report on 10.03.1993 and to review the income criteria every three years or earlier. The first review of the income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections among OBCs was entrusted to the NCBC on 6th October, 2003. The Commission submitted its report on 23rd January, 2004 and recommended that the income limit to determine the socially advanced persons/sections among OBCs be raised from Rs. 1 lakh to Rs. 2.5 lakhs. The recommendations contained in the Report were accepted by the Government along with the recommendation that the task of future Periodic Review of the Income criteria should be taken up every three years or earlier, if the situation demands. The Government of India notified the above vide DOP&T O.M.No. 36033/3/2004-Estt.(Res.) dated 9th March, 2004, raising the income limit to Rs. 2.5 lakhs.

Having regard to the fact that the period of three years had elapsed from the date of issue of O. M. dated 9th March, 2004, raising the income limit to Rs. 2.5 lakhs, the Government of India in the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, vide Office Order No. 12015/13/2007-BCC dated 27th December, 2007, entrusted the task of review of the income criteria to this Commission. The Commission had also been asked to give suggestions/recommendations on some other issues relating to the creamy layer criteria. The Commission submitted its report on 1st July, 2008 and recommended income limit

for person/sections among OBCs to be raised from Rs. 2.5 lakhs to Rs. 4.5 lakhs.

The recommendations contained in the Report were accepted by the Government of India and notified vide DOP&T O.M.No. 36033/3/2004-Estt. (Res.) dated 14th October, 2008 raising the income limit to Rs. 4.5 lakhs.

The Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment vide Office Order No. 12015/10/2011-BC-II dated 15th July, 2011, again entrusted the task of review of the income criteria to this Commission. The Commission submitted its report on 14th September, 2011 and recommended income limit for person/sections among OBCs to be raised from Rs. 4.5 lakhs to Rs. 12 lakh in urban areas i.e. Metropolitan cities and Rs. 9 lakhs in rest of the areas.

However, the Government of India vide DoPT O.M. No. 36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res.) dated 27th May, 2013 raised the income limit only to Rs. 6 lakhs.

Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment vide letter No. 12015/18/2013-BC-II dated 27th June, 2014 requested NCBC to comprehensively re-examine the criteria and income limit for determination of creamy layer of OBCs. The Commission submitted the its report dated 2nd March, 2015 and has recommended an increase of the income limit from Rs. 6 Lakhs to Rs 10.5 Lakhs. This report is yet to be accepted by the Government.

Rationalization of Rule of Exclusion ("Creamy Layer")

The Rule of Exclusion popularly known as "Creamy Layer" was issued by DoPT vide O.M. No 36012/22/93-Estt (SCT) dated 08.09.1993. Substantial clarification were issued in this O.M. by DoPT vide their

letter No. 36033/5/2004-Estt.(RES) dated 14.10.2004. The experience of implementation of these instructions over 20 years at ground level and numerous complaints received by various authorities at District/State/Central levels in this regard show that these instructions needed to be simplified to prevent misinterpretation by the certificate issuing authorities.

The Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment requested the NCBC to undertake a comprehensive examination of the criteria for determination of the creamy layer amongst OBCs. To assist the NCBC, a group of five Joint Secretaries from the Department of Social Justice & Empowerment, Department of Personnel & Training, Department of Financial Services, Department of Public Enterprises and Department of Higher Education was also set up. The NCBC went into all the relevant material and after deliberations submitted its report to the Government.

The Commission in its report dated 2nd March, 2015 has tried to achieve this objective. The Rule of Exclusion has been simplified for constitutional posts, service category, armed forces, property owners, professional classes and persons belonging to public sector undertakings including banks and financial organisations of the Central and State governments.

Sub-categorization of OBCs

The issue of sub-categorization in OBCs has been receiving the attention of the Government as well as various stakeholders. The Government requested NCBC to arrange deliberations and send recommendations and suggestions indicating modalities that need to

be undertaken for creating the sub-categorization as well as the number of categories and related issues vide letter dated 13.02.2014. The Ministry followed up the matter with NCBC vide letters dated 13.03.2014, 22.04.2014, 17.07.2014 and 19.08.2014.

The NCBC consulted various State Governments during the Public Hearing as well as through addressing letters to them. NCBC finally submitted its Report on Sub-categorization dated 2nd March, 2015 to the Government of India. This report is yet to be accepted by the Government.

Decadal Review and Socio-Economic Caste Census-2011

Section 11 of NCBC Act 1993 envisages that the Central Government may at any time, and shall, at the expiration of ten years from the coming into force of this Act and every succeeding period of ten years thereafter, undertake revision of the lists with a view to excluding from such lists those classes who have ceased to be backward classes or for including in such lists new backward classes. The Central Government shall, while undertaking any revision consult the Commission. Since the year 2000, MoSJE is requesting NCBC to undertake decadal review. However, NCBC has time and again stressed that to undertake the work of revision of Central List of OBCs it was absolutely necessary to have contemporaneous data about the social backwardness for which details of different castes and professions (traditional occupation of the caste) are necessary. NCBC has forwarded a resolution dated 08.12.2014 to MoSJE requesting the Government to finalize SECC 2011. However, further probing in to the SECC-2011 exercise revealed that this data is not available readily for OBCs as it has not been collected separately for OBCs. There is no

separate column for OBCs and they have been included with "Others". NCBC has been requesting all authorities including MoSJE, MoUD and MoRD to give OBC- specific data and socio economic caste census data.

Empowerment of the Commission

For the past many years, the Commission has been seeking the provision of Constitutional Status to the National Commission for Backward Classes. At present, the NCBC has been set up under the NCBC Act of 1993 but the power to look into the issues of welfare and complaints related to the Backward Classes are still entrusted to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes (NCSC) under clause (10) of Article 338 of the Constitution. As the result, the NCBC does not have any power to look into the complaints and welfare measures for the Backward Classes. Its role is presently limited only to inclusion and exclusion of castes from the Central List of OBCs.

For the empowerment of NCBC, a Constitutional Amendment would be necessary and this was the recommendation made by the Parliamentary Committee on Welfare of Other Backward Classes in 2012-13. Some steps were taken in this regard by Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment but no finality has yet been achieved towards this end. NCBC has passed several Resolutions dated 05.12.2003, 21.12.2004, 12.07.2007, 25.11.2008, 09.08.2010, 09.09.2010, 27.09.2013 and 28.05.2014 in this regard and forwarded to the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment.

The Judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court in Jat case

The Commission vide its Advice dated 26.02.2014 rejected the request of the 'Jat' caste/community for their inclusion in the Central List of OBCs for the nine States of Haryana, Gujarat, NCT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan (Bharatpur and Dhaulpur Districts), Madhya Pradesh & Bihar. However, despite this rejection Advice of NCBC, the Government of India, went ahead with the inclusion of Jat caste/community in the Central List of OBCs for all the nine States and notified their inclusion vide Gazette Notification No. 20012/129/2009-BC-II dated 04.03.2014. This notification was challenged by multiple petitions before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the judgment of Ram Singh & Ors. Vs. Union of India (Writ Petition (Civil) No.274 of 2014) dated 17.03. 2015 upheld the Advice of NCBC and set aside and quashed the Notification dated 04.03.2014 issued by Government of India. The judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in this case is also available at www.ncbc.nic.in.

Chapter II

Functions of the Commission

The functions of the Commission are laid down in Section 9 and Section 11 of the National Commission for Backward Classes Act. Under sub-section (1) of Section 9 of the Act the Commission "shall examine requests for inclusion of any class of citizens as a Backward Class in the lists and hear complaints of over-inclusion or under inclusion of any Backward Class in such lists and tender such advice to the Central Government as it deems appropriate". The term "list" in this section refers to "lists prepared by the Government of India from time to time for purposes of making provision for the reservation in appointments or posts in favour of backward classes of citizens which, in the opinion of that Government, are not adequately represented in the services under the Government of India and any local or other authority within the territory of India or under the control of the Government of India". The term "backward classes" has been defined in clause (a) of the same Section (Section 2) to mean such Backward Classes of citizens other than the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes as may be specified by the Central Government in the lists.

Under Section 9(2) of the Act, "The advice of the Commission shall ordinarily be binding upon the Central Government". This mandatory provision is based on and incorporates the directions of the Supreme Court in the Mandal case Judgement, which directed the Government of India and the State Governments/Union Territories to constitute a permanent body, in the shape of a National Commission for Backward Classes and the State Commissions for Backward

Classes and that the "advice tendered by such bodies shall ordinarily be binding upon the Government".

Section 11 of the Act enjoins upon the Central Government to undertake revision of the lists of backward classes at the expiration of ten years after the Act came into force and thereafter every succeeding period of ten years, and enables it to undertake such revision at any time, with a view to excluding from such lists those classes who have ceased to be backward classes or for including in such lists new backward classes. Under sub-section (2) of this Section, the Central Government is required to consult the Commission while under-taking such revision. While performing its functions under Section 9(1) of the Act, the Commission has been vested with all the powers of a civil court trying a suit and in particular, in respect of the summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person from any part of India and examining him on oath; requiring the discovery and production of any document; receiving evidence on affidavits; requisitioning any public record or copy thereof from any court or office; issuing notices for the examination of witnesses and documents; and any other matter which may be prescribed.

Section 8(2) empowers the Commission to regulate its own procedure. Sections 14 and 15 provide that the Commission shall prepare its annual report for each financial year together with a memorandum of action taken on the advice tendered by the Commission under Section 9 and the reasons for the non-acceptance, if any, of any such advice and the audit report shall be laid by the Central Government before each House of Parliament.

As per the procedure laid down by the Commission under Sub-Section (2) of Section (8) of the National Commission for Backward

Classes Act, 1993 the advice of the Commission may be formulated unanimously or by consensus or by majority. Where there is no unanimity or consensus, the advice of the majority will be tendered as the Commission's advice but the dissenting advice also will be furnished to Government. In regulating its procedure under Section 8(2) of the Act, the Commission has been guided by the principles of objectivity, transparency and speed. In fact soon after the Commission was established, it took the following steps under Section 8(2) of the NCBC Act, 1993 :-

- (i) Formulated the procedure for examination of requests for inclusion in the lists and complaints of over-inclusion or under-inclusion in the Central list of Backward Classes.
- (ii) Formulated guidelines for consideration of requests for inclusion and complaints of under-inclusion in the Central list.
- (iii) Prepared questionnaire for obtaining data in respect of requests for inclusion of castes/communities.

The Commission has been making additions and improvements to this procedure from time to time, based on experience and according to needs.

Conferment of Review Powers on the Commission

The Power of the Commission has been widened by Gazette Notification No. 12011/9/2007-BCC dated 03/05/2011 wherein the Commission shall also have the power to review any earlier advice tendered erstwhile to the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section-9 of NCBC Act, 1993.

Chapter III

Composition of the Commission

In accordance with the directions of the Supreme Court, the Government of India enacted the National Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993 (Act No.27 of 1993) on 2nd April 1993 for setting up the National Commission for Backward Classes at the Centre. Section 3 of the Act provides that the Commission shall consist of five Members, comprising a Chairperson who is or has been a judge of the Supreme Court or of a High Court; a social scientist; two persons, who have special knowledge in matters relating to backward classes; and a Member-Secretary who is or has been an officer of the Central Government in the rank of a Secretary to the Government of India. Every Member of the Commission shall hold office for a term of 3 years from the date he assumes office. The Govt. of India constituted the first Commission by its Notification No.12011/34/BCC/Pt.I dated 14 August 1993. Thereafter, the Commissions were reconstituted after the expiry of tenures. The Commissions constituted till date are given below:

A From 18.8.1993 to 17.8.1996

- | | | |
|----|------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | Chairperson | Justice (Retd.) R N Prasad |
| 2. | Member-Secretary | Shri P S Krishnan |
| 3. | Member | Dr. Dhirubhai L Seth |
| 4. | Member | Dr. Dinesh Singh Yadav |
| 5. | Member | Dr. Prasannan |

B From 28.2.1997 to 27.2.2000

- | | | |
|----|------------------|---|
| 1. | Chairperson | Justice(Retd) Shyam Sunder |
| 2. | Member-Secretary | Shri P S Krishnan |
| 3. | Member | Shri Akshay Bhai Sahu |
| 4. | Member | Prof. Uday Pratap Singh |
| 5. | Member | Shri Navtej Singh Puadhi
(expired while in harness on 16.8.1998) |
| 6. | Member | Shri M S Matharoo
(joined on 14.7.1999) |

(While Members from sl. nos. 1-4 completed their 3-year tenure on 27.2.2000 Shri M S Matharoo continued till 13.7.2002 when he completed 3-year term).

C From 28.7.2000 onwards

- | | | |
|----|------------------|--|
| 1. | Chairperson | Justice (Retd.) B L Yadav
(died in harness on 24.3.2002) |
| 2. | Member-Secretary | Shri C T Benjamin
(6.4.2000 to 31.7.2000 as Secretary)
(1.8.2000 to 31.7.2003 as Member Secretary) |
| 3. | Member | Shri M S Matharoo
(14.7.1999 to 13.7.2002) |
| 4. | Member | Dr. B M Das
(28.08.2000 to 27.08.2003) |
| 5. | Member | Smt. Neera Shastri
(03.9.2000 to 02.9.2003) |

D From 13-8-2002 to 12-8-2005

1. Chairperson Justice (Retd.) Ram Surat Singh
(13.8.2002 to 12-8-2005)
2. Member-Secretary Smt. Chitra Chopra
Secretary
(04-8-2003 to 30-7-2004)
Shri S.K. Purkayastha
(9.8.2004 onwards)
3. Member Shri M S Matharoo
(19.8.2002 to 18.8.2005)
4. Member Smt. Neera Shastri
(29.9.2003 onwards)
5. Member Dr. B. Babu Rao Verma
(6.10.2003 onwards)

E From 14-8-2005 onwards

1. Chairperson Justice (Retd.) S. Ratnavel Pandian
(14.8.2006 to 13.08.2009)
2. Member-Secretary Shri S.K. Purkayastha
(9.8.2004 to 8.8.2007)
Shri Lakshmi Chand
(18.08.2007 to 05.07.2008)
Smt. Chitra Chopra
(11.11.2008 onwards)
3. Member Shri.Yogeshwar Prasad Yogesh
(from 10.03.06 to 31.05.2007)
Shri Ram Awadhesh Singh
(08.06.2007 to 07.06.2010)

4. Member Smt. Neera Shastri
(from 29.09.2003 to 28.09.2006)
Dr. Subbha Somu
(28.03.2007 to 27.03.2010)
5. Member Dr. B. Babu Rao Verma
(6.10.2003 to 5.10.2006)
Shri Abdul Ali Azizi
(15.10.2007 to 14.10.2010)

Note : Shri Yogeshwar Prasad Yogesh died in harness on 31.05.2007.

F From 07.06.2010 onwards

1. Chairperson Justice (Retd.) M N Rao
(07.06.2010 to 06.06.2013)
2. Member-Secretary Smt. Chitra Chopra
(11.11.2008 till 10.11.2011)
Dr. Shyam Agarwal
(Secretary-Additional Charge)
(15.11.2011 to 08.04.2013)
3. Member Shri S.K. Kharventhan
(03.11.2010 to 02.11.2013)
4. Member Shri Ram Awadhesh Singh
(from 08-06-2007 to 07.06.2010)
Shri Deepak Katole
(12.11.2010 to 11.11.2013)
5. Member Shri Abdul Ali Azizi
(15.10.2007 to 14.10.2010)
Dr. Shakeel-uz-Zaman Ansari
(27.07.2011 to 23.01.2014)

G. From 19.09.2013 onwards

1. Chairperson Justice Vangala Eswaraiah
(19.09.2013 onwards)
2. Member-Secretary Shri A.K.Mangotra
(17.06.2013 onwards)
3. Member Shri S.K. Kharventhan
(12.12.2013 onwards)
4. Member Shri Ashok Kumar Saini
(06.01.2014 onwards)
5. Member Dr. Shakeel uz-Zaman Ansari
(13-02-2014 onwards)

Chapter IV

Work done by the Commission

I. Overview of the work done by the Commission since beginning

Since its inception, the Commission has tendered 1388 Advices in respect of cases of castes/communities/sub-castes/synonyms for inclusion/rejection of Other Backward Classes in the Central List for various States and Union Territories from time to time under section 9(1) of the NCBC Act, 1993 and for further necessary action by the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment under section 9(2) of the Act.

II. Work done during April 2014 to March 2015

Under sub-section (1) of Section 9 of the National Commission for Backward Classes Act, the Commission examines requests for inclusion of any class of citizens as a Backward Class in the lists and hears complaints of over-inclusion or under inclusion of any Backward Class in such lists and tender such advice to the Central Government as it deems appropriate. While the Commission processes the requests received from various Organisations, it is only those cases in respect of which advices are furnished and sent to the Government which are reflected in this Report. The advices of the Commission are finalized in formal meetings of the Commission for which a date and time are fixed by the Chairman.

During the year 2014-15, the Commission held 18 meetings upto March 2015 and 31 advices relating to inclusion/rejection/correction of castes/communities/sub-castes/synonyms had been considered & approved and were sent to the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment.

During the period from April 2014 to March 2015, the Commission held 4 Public Hearings for considering the requests for inclusion of castes/communities in the Central List of OBCs for the respective States /UTs as per details indicated below:-

Public Hearings held during April, 2014 – March, 2015

Sl. No.	State	Date of Public Hearing	Castes/ Communities for Which the Public Hearing was held
1.	Madhya Pradesh	Public Hearing at Bhopal on 10-11.09.2014	1. Aanjana
			2. Autari, Gharwa, Jhariya, Kaser
			3. Baiswar
			4. Batti, Baretha, Rajak
			5. Bhopa, Manbhav
			6. Bishnoi
			7. Damami
			8. Davej
			9. Dukar, Kolhati, Koshkati (Lingayat)
			10. Gayar/ Pardhanian
			11. Golan, Gawlan, Goulan
			12. Haridas
			13. Jadam
			14. Janma Lodhi
			15. Joshi (Badhuri), Dakocha, Dakota
			16. Kalar (Jaiswal), Dadsena,
			17. Kamariya
			18. Kodar
			19. Kohri

Sl. No.	State	Date of Public Hearing	Castes/ Communities for Which the Public Hearing was held
	Madhya Pradesh	Public Hearing at Bhopal on 10-11.09.2014	20. Kudmi
			21. Lingayat, Ksheylanga, Telanga
			22. Lodha (Tanwar)
			23. Mahakul (Raut)
			24. Mandhav
			25. Mowar
			26. Phoolmali, Phoolmari
			27. Rajad, Rajaohad
			28. Rajwar
			29. Rathor
			30. Rewari
			31. Ruala/Ruhela
			32. Singraha (Kashyap) (Nishad) (Batham)
			33. Soni (Swarankar)
			34. Sut Sarthi
			35. Tharwar
			36. Thoria
			37. Usrete
			38. Vani
			38. Vani
			39. Vaya Mahra/Kaushal, Vaya
			40. Vovriya
			Islamic Group
			41. Sakka alongwith Abbasi
			42. Sai, Shah, Kabrakhodu
			43. Kharadi, Kamligar
			44. Kanker
			45. Sheeshgar
			46. Goli
			47. Rajgir
			48. Dhafali
			49. Ghoshi, Gawli
			50. Sikligar
	51. Santras		
	52. Sheikh Mehtar		
	53. Bhad, Nakkal		

Sl. No.	State	Date of Public Hearing	Castes/ Communities for Which the Public Hearing was held
2.	Assam	Public Hearing at Guwahati on 17.10.2014	1. Marm, Newar (Nepali Community)
			2. Khaund (Ex- Tea Garden) Labourers/ Tribes
			3. Sawar (Tea Garden and Ex- Tea Garden Tribes)
			4. Rudra Paul (For removing the area restriction)
			5. Bishnupriya Manipuri
			6. Tantripal/Tantrupal (spelling correction)
			7. Maria/Moria (Muslim) (spelling correction)
			8. Kiran Sheikh community of Barak Valley including Patikar, Bajni and Hazam
3.	Uttarakhand	Public Hearing at Dehradun on 12-13.11.2014	1. Chanau, Patel, Patanvar
			2. Chhipa
			3. Dangi
			4. Ghakar
			5. Grith Bhati/ Chahang
			6. Gwala, Yaduvanshia
			7. Idrisi, Kakutshtha
			8. Joriya
			9. Karan(Karn)
			10. Kashodhan
			11. Kashyap
			12. Katua
			13. Khagi
			14. Khumra, Sangtrash, Hansiri
			15. Loniya- Chauhan
			16. Mahar/ Gujar Mahara (resident of Bhatwari Block in district Uttarkashi)
			17. Mahigeer
			18. Meer Shikar
			19. Modnava
			20. Nanbai
			21. Nisad

Sl. No.	State	Date of Public Hearing	Castes/ Communities for Which the Public Hearing was held
	Uttarakhand	Public Hearing at Dehradun on 12-13.11.2014	22. Pal, Baghel 23. Rajbhar 24. Rankee and Gukerani 25. Ror 26. Rouniyar, Gandhi, Arrak 27. Saifi, Panchal, Jagir, Dhiman 28. Savita, Srivas 29. Swarnkar 30. Sweeper (Which are not included in Scheduled Castes classes) 31. Tantava 32. Tanvar Singhariya Exclusion 33. Aheria/ Aheriya 34. Atishbaz, Darugar 35. Bhand 36. Bot 37. Dohar 38. Hela, Lalbegi 39. Madari 40. Nalband, Sais 41. Raj (Memar) 42. Unai Sahu
4.	Bihar	Public Hearing at Patna on 26-27.11. 2014	1. Batham Vaishya 2. Bagti(Bagchi)/ Bagdi 3. Bhat (Muslim) 4. Biahut Kalwar 5. Chhippi 6. Donwar 7. Fakir/ Diwan/Madar (Muslim) 8. Goldar 9. Gora, Ghosi, Mehar 10. Gorhi (Chhabi) 11. Gossain 12. Itfarosh/ Itafarosh/ Gadheri/ Itpaj/ Ibrahimi (Muslim) 13. Jadupatia

Sl. No.	State	Date of Public Hearing	Castes/ Communities for Which the Public Hearing was held
	Bihar	Public Hearing at Patna on 26-27.11. 2014	14. Jogi(Jugi)
			15. Lakshmi Narain Gola
			16. Madarai(Muslim)
			17. Malik(Muslim)
			18. Modak/ Maira
			19. Moriyari
			20. Partha
			21. Sainthwar
			22. Samari Vaishya
			23. Surjapuri Muslim
			24. Sutradhar
			Deletion
			25. Gorh, Gonrh
			26. Goud
			27. Khatwe

During the period under report, the Commission tendered 31 Advices for inclusion/rejection/ correction in the Central List of OBCs, in respect of castes/ sub-castes/ communities/ synonyms of 9 States and 1 for All India to the Central Government as per the details given below:

Advices tendered to the Government of India During April, 2014 to March, 2015

S.No	State/ UT	Caste/community	Advice No. & Date
1.	Gujarat	Sipai, Patni, Jamat or Turk Jamat (all Muslims)	NCBC Advice No.47/Gujarat/2014 dated 10.6.2014 (correction)
2.	All India	Transgender Community to be included in the Central List of Other Backward Classes for all the States.	NCBC Advice No.1/All-India/2014 dated. 15.5.2014 (inclusion)

S.No	State/ UT	Caste/community	Advice No. & Date
3.	Jharkhand	Bagti	NCBC Advice No.7/Jharkhand/2014 dated 15.5.2014 (inclusion)
		Late	NCBC Advice No.9/Jharkhand/2014 dated 15.5.2014 (inclusion)
		Bagchi	NCBC Advice No.8/Jharkhand/2014 dated 15.5.2014 (rejection)
		Kunai	NCBC Advice No.10/Jharkhand/2014 dated 15.5.2014 (inclusion)
		Pushpanamit	NCBC Advice No.11/Jharkhand/2014 dated 15.5.2014 (inclusion)
		Jhora	NCBC Advice No.12/Jharkhand/2014 dated 15.5.2014 (inclusion)
		Laxmi Narayan Gola	NCBC Advice No.13/Jharkhand/2014 dated.15.5.2014 (inclusion)
4.	Uttarakhand	Kamboj	NCBC Advice No.8/Uttarakhand/2014 dated.20.6.2014 (rejection)
5.	Madhya Pradesh	Panka	NCBC Advice No.62/MP/2014 dated 28.7.2014 (inclusion)
			NCBC Advice No.62A/MP/2014 dated 25.02.2015 (inclusion)
6.	Maharashtra	Mahli	NCBC Advice No.78/Maharashtra, dated 28.7.2014 (inclusion)
7.	Telangana	First List	NCBC Advice No.1/Telangana/2014 dated 29.9.2014 (inclusion)
8.	Assam	Koch-Rajbonshi	NCBC Advice No.4/Assam/2014 dated 05.12.2014 (correction)
9.	Tamil Nadu	Reddy (Ganjam)	NCBC Advice No.123/TamilNadu/2015 dated 22.01.2015 (rejection)

S.No	State/ UT	Caste/community	Advice No. & Date
10.	Uttarakhand	Chanau, Patel, Patanvar	NCBC Advice No.9/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Dhakar	NCBC Advice No.10/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Grith Bahti/Chahang	NCBC Advice No.11/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Gwala, Yaduvanshia	NCBC Advice No.12/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Kakutshtha	NCBC Advice No.13/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Karan (Karn)	NCBC Advice No.14/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Kashodhan	NCBC Advice No.15/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Khagi	NCBC Advice No.16/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Modnava	NCBC Advice No.17/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Pal, Baghel	NCBC Advice No.18/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Rajbhar	NCBC Advice No.19/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (inclusion)
		Dhiman	NCBC Advice No.20/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (inclusion)
		Savita, Srivas	NCBC Advice No.21/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
Swarnkar	NCBC Advice No.22/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)		

S.No	State/ UT	Caste/community	Advice No. & Date
		Sweeper	NCBC Advice No.23/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (rejection)
		Tanwar, Singhariya	NCBC Advice No.24/ Uttarakhand/2015 dated 30.03.2015 (correction)

State-wise deletion/correction of castes in the Central List of
OBCs during 2014-15

S.No	State	Remarks
1.	Madhya Pradesh	Entry at No. 37 corrected from 'Karmariya' to 'Kamariya'
2.	Kerala	Entry at No. 50 "Pulluvan" deleted
		Entry at No. 74 modified from 'Thachar' to 'Thachar who are Carpenters'

Entries in Central List of OBCs as on 31st March, 2015

S.No.	States/UTs	Central List
1	A& N Islands	5
2	Andhra Pradesh	111
3	Assam	28
4	Bihar	134
5	Chandigarh	60
6	Chattisgarh	67
7	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	10
8	Daman & Diu	44
9	Delhi	58
10	Goa	20
11	Gujarat	104
12	Haryana	75
13	Himachal Pradesh	55
14	Jammu & Kashmir	21
15	Jharkhand	129
16	Karnataka	199
17	Kerala	83
18	Madhya Pradesh	67
19	Maharashtra	261
20	Manipur	4
21	Odisha	200
22	Puducherry	59
23	Punjab	68
24	Rajasthan	68
25	Sikkim	10
26	Tamil Nadu	181
27	Tripura	42
28	Uttar Pradesh	77
29	Uttarakhand	79
30	West Bengal	99
	Total	2418



Public Hearing for inclusion of caste/community in the Central List of OBCs for the State of Madhya Pradesh held on 10-11.09.2014 at Bhopal.



Public Hearing for inclusion of caste/community in the Central List of OBCs for the State of Assam held on 17/10/2014 at Guwahati.



Public Hearing for inclusion of caste/community in the Central List of OBCs for the State of Uttarakhand held on 12/11/2014 at Dehradun.



Public Hearing for inclusion of caste/community in the Central List of OBCs for the State of Bihar held on 27-28 November, 2014 at Patna.



Swachh Bharat Campaign celebrated in the premises of NCBC on 2nd October, 2014

Meeting with Parliamentary Committee on Welfare of Other Backward Classes

The present Parliamentary Committee on Welfare of Other Backward Classes was set up on 12.09.2014 under the Chairmanship of Shri Rajen Gohain, Hon'ble Member of Parliament. The National Commission for Backward Classes met the Parliamentary Committee on 18th December, 2014 in the Parliament House, New Delhi. A detailed presentation of the working of the NCBC and the major issues it was handling was made by the Hon'ble Chairman, NCBC before the Committee.

The Commission placed the following issues before the Parliamentary Committee:

- i) Constitutional Empowerment of NCBC on the lines of NCSC, NCST, so that grievances of OBCs can be addressed and the welfare measures pertaining to OBCs can be monitored.
- ii) Rationalization and simplification of creamy layer instructions and enhancement of income-limit for determination of creamy layer.
- iii) Sub-categorization within the OBCs so that the better-off OBCs do not corner the rights and facilities meant for the more deserving categories of OBCs.

The Chairman, Parliamentary Committee on Welfare of Other Backward Classes and all other Hon'ble Members appreciated the concerns of the NCBC and extended full support in the process of implementation of various issues raised by NCBC. They also assured to take up the proposal for empowerment of NCBC with the higher authorities.

Creamy Layer

Simplification and rationalization of the Rule of Exclusion:

The genesis of the exercise of re-examining the various issues which have arisen out of over 20 years of implementation was the "Rule of Exclusion", popularly known as the "Creamy Layer", which was issued by the Department of Personnel vide their OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt (SCT) dated 08.09.1993. This was subsequently clarified by a detailed letter issued to various State Governments vide DoPT letter No. 36033/5/2004-Estt.(RES) dated 14.10.2004.

2. The experience at the ground level and the various complaints and petitions which are being received by the various authorities at different levels clearly show that the original instructions of DoPT issued in the year 1993 led to many complexities which necessitated the issuing of a detailed clarificatory letter in 2004. Even this did not settle the issue fully as a result of which it was seen that many ineligible cases were managing to get the benefits of reservations for OBCs by getting Non-Creamy Layer Certificates from the local authorities.

3. While there were a large number of different types of complaints coming from all across the country, the NCBC zeroed in onto those burning issues which were giving rise to a large number of complaints and which were palpably defective. These were:-

- (i) The non-clubbing of salary income with agricultural income if there was no third source of income; and

- (ii) The non-establishment of parity between Government services, public sector undertakings and private sector employment.

4. Apart from these two major issues, there were numerous small issues which were taken up, discussed and sorted out to the extent possible during the deliberations of the Commission with the Members of 5 nominated Departments and also with official Members from some of the PSUs and also with senior representatives from the private sector.

5. The guiding principle behind proposing a fresh Rule of Exclusion was the need to keep the instructions as simple as possible to avoid any misinterpretation at the field level. It was emphasized again and again by all the participants that giving convoluted instructions from the highest levels of Government of India tended to be counterproductive because the Creamy Layer certificates are to be issued at the end of the day by the local Tehsildar or other empowered authorities at the local level. So, all along the efforts was to keep the instructions as simple as possible so as to be easily comprehensible to the lower level field functionaries and also to prevent misinterpretation by them. The logic and the reasoning behind each of the changes has been given in the Report on Creamy Layer which has been forwarded to Govt. for acceptance. The same can be accessed from the NCBC website www.ncbc.nic.in.

Income-Limit:

6. Keeping the Cost-Price Index in mind and drawing a parallel between the social standing and the salary structures in Government, PSUs and the Defence Forces etc., the Commission has concluded that the recommendation should be for only one income limit applicable to both urban and rural areas. There are many reasons behind a single recommendation. Firstly the connectivity, information flow and migration of people have increased enormously. Secondly, a large number of posts of the PSUs, the Government officers and especially the Defence Forces would be in rural areas as also in remote and far-flung areas. Hence, the recommendation has been made to submit only one limit which is applicable both to rural and urban areas.

7. And lastly, keeping in mind the two limits Rs. 9 lakhs and Rs. 12 lakhs recommended by the Commission in the year 2011 and the substantial reduction made by the Government thereto Rs. 6 lakhs, the various factors like the Consumer Price Index, the various cut offs, now is being proposed by the Commission and also the overriding priority of striking a balance between salaried and non-salaried class of people, the Commission has recommended an income limit of Rs. 10,50,000/- per annum for the income/wealth criteria applicable in the Rule of Exclusion.

Sub-categorization within OBCs

The need for Sub-Categorization within OBCs:

At present, there is no sub-classification within the different OBCs in the Central List. As the result of this, the more advanced amongst the OBCs are availing of most of the benefits available to OBCs to the detriment of the really deprived and downtrodden amongst the OBCs. Hence, an exercise needs to be undertaken under directions of MoSJE to undertake classification within the OBCs so that the better-off OBCs do not corner the rights and facilities meant for the more deserving categories of OBCs. Nine States of the Union are already implementing this scheme which has also been tested in the Court of Law.

Sub-Categorization in the Central List of OBCs:

The Government of India had asked the National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC) to examine the matter relating to Sub-Categorization of Other Backward Classes within the Central List of OBCs. The NCBC had been asked to examine the matter in its total prospective and to send their recommendations/ suggestions to the Government indicating the modalities that need to be undertaken for creating this Sub-Categorization within the Central List of OBCs.

On undertaking this task as per directions of MoSJE, the NCBC had written to 9 State Governments who have already done such Sub-Categorization within the State Lists of OBCs pertaining to their States. NCBC requested these States to provide it with the details on the basis of which the Sub-Categorization has been done in their States. NCBC received responses from only 5 States and it is seen

that the practice of Sub-Categorization varies from State to State. The number of Sub-Categories created varies from 2 to 5 amongst the States which have responded. Each Sub-Category is entitled to a certain percentage of reservation within the overall reservation available to OBCs in that State. The percentage of reservation available to the Sub-Categories varies from 1% to 16% in those States who have provided the information so far. In some cases, the Sub-Categorization has been made with the advice of the State BC Commissions.

While the issue of Sub-Categorization is fairly complex and the ground reality would vary from State to State, even so, the NCBC has been mandated by MoSJE to make some recommendations and suggestions to the Government of India in this regard. The socio-economic and educational status of the castes concerned would of course form the basis of such Sub-Categorization as has been indicated in the Indira Sawhney case.

Recommendations of the NCBC:

The matter pertaining to Sub-Categorization within the OBCs was considered at length in the various meetings of the Commission. A formal proposal in this regard has been sent to MoSJ&E giving the principles and parameters which need to be kept in mind on the basis of which the exercise of Sub-Categorization can be conducted on a nationwide basis by NCBC.

The Commission proposed that Other Backward Classes/castes/communities/ synonyms be divided into the following three categories:

- (i) Extremely Backward Classes (Group 'A'): This would include Aboriginal Tribes, Vimukta Jatis, nomadic and semi-nomadic tribes, wandering classes etc., whose traditional occupation is/was begging and pig-rearing, snake-charming, bird catching, game-sneakers, religious mendicants, drum beaters, bamboo workers, hunters and labourers, making mats from date leaves, basket making, agricultural labourers, earth workers, boatmen etc.
- (ii) More Backward Classes (Group 'B'): This would include vocational groups whose traditional occupation is/was making of brushes for weaving looms and dyers, painting and doll making, weavers, toddy tappers, cotton ginning, oil pressing, silk weavers, potters, sheep-rearing and combing-weaving, earth workers, jute weaving and gunny bag making, butchers, tailoring, fishing, gardening, dancers and singers, barbers, petty traders in kumkum and bangles, dyeing, petty dealers in beads, needles etc., scheduled castes converted into Christianity and their progeny, washermen etc.
- (iii) Backward Classes (Group 'C'): This would include land owning, cultivating castes, agriculturists, business and trading castes and comparatively advanced castes/communities.

A policy decision by the Government of India and a formal approval of the proposed methodology needs to be conveyed by MoSJ&E before this work can be undertaken by NCBC with the help of an Expert Organisation like the ICSSR. Some commitment of funds on behalf of MoSJ&E would also be necessary to undertake this nationwide exercise. The full report can be accessed from the NCBC website www.ncbc.nic.in.

Socio-Economic Caste Census of 2011 (SECC – 2011)

General Census of India and SECC-2011:

When preparations were being made for conducting the General Census of India in 2011, NCBC had moved a proposal that a separate column should be added to the Census Questionnaire asking for OBC status of the individual (if any). NCBC was informed that since the General Census of India is being done under the Act of Parliament, there is no provision for collecting the OBC status of any person.

Hence, Govt. of India decided to conduct a separate Caste Census called the Socio-Economic Caste Census (SECC) – 2011 in which the castes of the persons were to be collected for the first time since 1931.

The Registrar General of India (RGI) had undertaken a nationwide exercise to conduct a Caste Survey of the entire country through the Socio-Economic Caste Census (SECC) of 2011. The RGI has undertaken this work on behalf of the Ministry of Rural Development for Rural Areas and the Ministry of Housing, Urban Development and Poverty Alleviation (HUPA) for Urban Areas.

The whole issue of SECC - 2011 was examined in the NCBC from the angle of enumeration of the population of the country belonging to the Other Backward Classes. It was observed that in the formats prescribed for the collection of the data belonging to the Castes/Tribes status of any person, in the relevant column No. 13 of the household Schedule (side "A") the following options are indicated:-

- (i) Scheduled Castes;
- (ii) Scheduled Tribes;
- (iii) Others
- (iv) No Caste/Tribe

It may be seen that there is no separate entry for OBCs. In column 14 of the Schedule the respondents have been asked to give the specific name of their castes/tribes in case they have filled "Others" under column 13.

The Commission felt that since there was a separate indication for SCs and STs, there should have been a separate indication for OBCs also on similar lines. Such a provision for OBCs was not made thus diluting the efforts to get a comprehensive picture of OBCs of the country. However, in the present Schedule canvassed during the SECC – 2011 OBCs have been clubbed with all "Other" castes except SCs/STs.

From this exercise, the NCBC feels that it will be very difficult to extract the exact figures of persons belonging to OBCs. Firstly, OBCs have been clubbed with all "Others" which includes all castes except SCs/STs. Secondly, the respondents have been asked to indicate the names of their castes/tribes separately. To collate this entry of the names of castes/tribes and then to fit it into a Category of OBCs or otherwise appears to be a gigantic task which might become well nearly impossible unless a supreme human effort is to put into the whole exercise.

However, despite strong appeals by NCBC, no separate column for OBCs was provided in SECC-2011 form. The columns were SC, ST and "Others". Another column was provided to collect the actual "Caste" of a person if he has checked "Others" column. In other words, the OBCs have got merged with all other castes of the population like Brahmins, Rajputs, Vaishyas etc., (except SC/ST). Since what has been done cannot be undone it is now necessary for the RGI to compute, tabulate and validate the caste data collected from all over the country. Thereafter the data for "Others" has to be culled out. After this is done, the data set of "Others" has to be gone through individually to see who belongs to OBC category. Not only will this exercise be mind-boggling, it will also require specialized groups in each of the States to go through approximately 90 crore entries and match them against the existing OBC caste names in each State. The NCBC does not think that this will be an exercise which can be done accurately or speedily. Here, it would not be out of place to mention that this issue of SECC-2011 was taken up with NCBC by Shri Bandaru Dattatreya, MP who had been the National Vice-President of BJP and the Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee on Welfare of OBCs. The request of Shri Dattatreya was placed before the full Commission meeting and the NCBC took up this matter with MoSJE and has been pursuing since then.

It is more than 4 years since the SECC - 2011 data was collected on the ground. It is yet to see the light of the day. Indications are that there is no immediate hope of getting any meaningful data on the socio-economic and educational backwardness status of the OBCs for the purpose of determining the backward classes under Article 16(4) and 15(4) of the Constitution of India.

There is also a requirement of setting up of an Expert Group in the Government of India which would look into the data collected from the Socio-Economic Caste Census - 2011 and collate the figures pertaining to separate castes including the OBCs. The Vice-Chairman of Niti Ayog has been nominated as the Chairman of this Expert Group which is yet to be constituted. Even after its constitution, it will take a very long time and a back-breaking effort, if at all, to arrive at the final figures pertaining to the OBCs of India.

In the recent Judgement of Ram Singh V/s Union of India (popularly known as Jat case), the Supreme Court has very clearly pointed out that any decision to include/exclude any caste from the OBC List should be based on CONTEMPORANEOUS DATA. SECC-2011 is the only detailed and recent caste survey which can provide us the latest Socio/Educational/Economic Caste data. This data can be used by NCBC for the following purposes:-

- (i) To include and exclude castes from the List of OBCs depending upon their Socio-Educational status.
- (ii) To undertake the DECADAL REVIEW which is mandated by the NCBC Act to be undertaken every ten years but which has not been taken up since 1993. MoSJE has been requesting NCBC to take up this DECADAL REVIEW but this has not been possible due to want of SECC-2011 data for OBCs.

Only SECC-2011 data can provide NCBC with a sound and valid data-set on which to base considered recommendation for inclusion/exclusion from the list of OBCs and also to suggest other measures for upliftment and welfare of OBCs.

Decadal Review:

Section 11 of the NCBC Act requires that Revision of the Central Lists of OBCs is required to be undertaken after every ten years. However, since the SECC-2011 data is lacking on the critical aspect of traditional occupations of the castes, it will be very difficult for the NCBC to identify the social backwardness for the purpose of determining the Backward Classes status of the people concerned. In order to take up the work of revision of Backward Classes as envisaged by Section 11 of the NCBC Act, 1993, it is absolutely

necessary to have details about the social backwardness for which details of traditional occupations of the castes are necessary. The NCBC has requested both the RGI as well as Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment to go ahead in this direction to enable NCBC to fulfill its obligations.

At the initiative of MoSJ&E, a meeting was called by Secretary, MoSJ&E with Registrar General of India and Member - Secretary, NCBC on 23rd December, 2014. After detailed discussion of all issues concerned it was decided that MoSJ&E will move a Cabinet Note proposing the setting up of an Expert Group to cull out the OBC data from the SECC-2011 data which has been collected by the RGI.

The Government has announced the appointment of the Vice-Chairman of the NITI-AYOG as the Chairman of this Expert Group. However, the Group is yet to be fully constituted and only after that will it start its long and arduous exercise.

Under these circumstances, NCBC HAS requested MoSJE that the Expert Group is fully constituted at an early date to enable the OBC data to be culled out from SECC-2011 to enable the Commission to consider a Decadal Review and also to consider the cases of Over Inclusion and Under Inclusion in the view of the recent Judgement of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Empowerment of the National Commission for Backward Classes

For the past many years, the Commission has been seeking the provision of Constitutional Status to the National Commission for Backward Classes. At present, the NCBC has been set up under the NCBC Act of 1993 but the power to look into the issues of welfare and complaints related to the Backward Classes are still entrusted to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes (NCSC) under clause (10) of Article 338 of the Constitution. As the result the NCBC does not have any power to look into the complaints and welfare measures for the Backward Classes. Its role is presently limited only to inclusion and exclusion of castes from the Central List of OBCs.

It is seen that NCBC receives a large number of complaints and representations from OBCs asking the NCBC to take appropriate remedial action. The complaints received by the Commission are simply forwarded to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes because the said Commission has been empowered by the Constitution of India to take steps under Clause 10 of Article 338. However, the real purpose is not being served and OBCs are not getting any redressal.

The present mechanism of seeking OBC grievance redressal through the National Commission for Scheduled Castes is not working at all. Therefore, the NCBC submitted various representations right from 12-12-2004 onwards requesting MoSJE for conferring constitutional status on the NCBC and empowering it with the functions and powers analogous to those exercised by the NCSC. The Parliamentary Committee for the Welfare of OBCs of the 15th Lok Sabha also presented its first report before the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha on 27-08-2012 proposing to delete clause (10) of Article 338 of the Constitution and recommended that all the issues pertaining to

the welfare of OBCs including the complaints, grievances etc., should be dealt with by the NCBC by amending the Constitution.

Therefore the Commission again opines and earnestly requests the Ministry to take appropriate steps at the earliest to provide a suitable constitutional or statutory mechanism for providing powers in terms of Article 338 or 338A for NCBC for effective implementation of Social Justice and to safeguard the interest of the 52% of Backward Class population, because without the support of the statutory mechanism in terms of Article 338, it is not possible to safeguard the interest of the Backward Classes. The present statutory mechanism of NCBC is only limited in purpose to the inclusion and exclusion of castes/communities from OBC Lists. Therefore the Commission has been requesting the Ministry to take appropriate steps for providing the suitable statutory mechanism on par with under Article 338.

For the empowerment of NCBC, a Constitutional Amendment would be necessary and this was the recommendation made by the Parliamentary Committee on Welfare of Other Backward Classes in 2012-13. This issue was also taken up by Shri Bandaru Dattatreya, then National Vice-President of the BJP also and accordingly the matter was placed before the full Commission.

Resolution of NCBC:

On 27th September, 2013, the full Commission passed a Resolution for providing constitutional or statutory mechanism for NCBC for implementation and enforcement of special provisions and safeguards provided under the Constitution, particularly with reference to Articles 15(4), 15 (5), 16 (4) and 16 (4B) of the Constitution of India or any other statutory measures for the welfare of Backward Classes. The matter await a decision from the Government.

Judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court in Jat Case

The Central Government requested NCBC in letter dated 26.12.2013 to reconsider the inclusion of 'Jats' in the Central List of OBCs for the nine States of Haryana, Gujarat, NCT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan (Bharatpur and Dhaulpur Districts), Madhya Pradesh & Bihar and tender its Advice.

On examination of the various reports, material, books and oral submissions during the Public Hearing, it was concluded by the NCBC that 'Jats' as a class cannot be treated as a backward class. The Commission, therefore, rejected the request of the 'Jat' caste/community for their inclusion in the Central List of OBCs for all the concerned nine States. A comprehensive speaking Advice running into over 130 pages was prepared and sent to the Government in record time on 26.02.2014. A copy of this Advice is placed on the NCBC website www.ncbc.nic.in.

However, despite this rejection Advice of NCBC, the Government of India, went ahead with the inclusion of Jat caste/community in the Central List of OBCs for all the nine States and notified their inclusion vide Gazette Notification No. 20012/129/2009-BC-II dated 04.03.2014. Under the NCBC Act, the Government is required to record and to lay on the table of the Parliament the reasons for not accepting the Advice of the NCBC. This notification was challenged by multiple petitions before the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the judgment of Ram Singh & Ors. Vs. Union of India (Writ Petition (Civil) No.274 of 2014) delivered

on 17.03.2015 set aside and quashed the aforesaid notification and upheld the Advice tendered by NCBC in this regard.

The salient issues pertinent of the OBCs which have emerged as the result of NCBC's examination of the Judgment in Ram Singh Case are as follows:-

- (i) Caste is not the sole criteria for determining backwardness. It is only a starting point;
- (ii) The Hon'ble Supreme Court has been routinely discouraging identification of a group as backward solely on the basis of caste alone;
- (iii) For a complete and fool-proof identification of backward classes of the country, 100% population has to be surveyed;
- (iv) The data on the basis of which identification of a backward class is done has to be contemporaneous data. It cannot be out-dated. For these reasons, NCBC has been stressing the need of getting SECC-2011 data from the MoSJE because it is contemporaneous and covers 100% population as directed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court;
- (v) State cannot blind itself to the existence of other forms and instances of backwardness e.g. Transgenders, Orphans, daily wage workers, agricultural labourers, Rickshaw-pullers, etc. In fact, the welfare State should keep an eye out for new and emerging forms of backwardness in the society.

- (vi) Mandal Commission has recognized the backward classes only on the basis of caste at the beginning but did not consider the other forms of most depressed and deserving classes based on the occupation-cum-income such as daily wage workers, agricultural labourers, rickshawpullers, orphans, transgenders, etc. Therefore the 9 Judge Constitution Bench judgment in Indra Sawhney case followed by the recent smaller bench judgment in the case of Ram Singh has impressed upon the Government about the need to identify other such depressed and deserving classes as backward classes;
- (vii) Ministry should start the process for conduct of a decadal review for deleting those who have crossed the bar and who have since become elevated above backwardness and also to include the most deserving and depressed classes;
- (viii) The powers of the Union under Article 16(4) become limited when there is an enactment of the specific statutory provisions like the NCBC Act whose recommendations are required to be adequately considered by the Union before taking its final decision;
- (ix) The advice of the NCBC is ordinarily binding on the Government. Since in the Jat case, the Ministry has overturned the advice of the NCBC, Section 15 of the NCBC Act requires that MoSJE place the reasons for non-acceptance of the advice of the NCBC before the Parliament;

NCBC has already started implementation of all the directives of the Hon'ble Supreme Court contained in the Ram Singh judgment. NCBC has already made a recommendation that Transgenders should be included in the list of OBCs. In addition, the NCBC is presently examining considering "Orphans" as a backward class irrespective of the caste to which they belong. For this, the matter has been referred to all the State Governments for their views and also their suggestions to prevent any misuse of these provisions;

Some people are eking out their livelihood on daily wages either as agricultural manual labourers, daily wage workers, rickshaw pullers, etc., who can be considered as depressed and deserving class of citizens. Therefore, accurate data and up-to date data is required to identify the class of daily wage workers, rickshaw pullers, etc. for giving affirmative policy action to provide reservation benefits to the children of such classes. Once such firm data is available, NCBC will be able to examine this matter further.



सत्यमेव जयते

कार्यालय महानिदेशक लेखा परीक्षा (केन्द्रीय व्यय)

Annual Report-2014-15

Office of the Director General of Audit (Central Expenditure)

इन्द्रप्रस्थ एस्टेट, नई दिल्ली-110 002

Indraprastha Estate, New Delhi - 110 002

पत्र संख्या: ए.एम.जी.-1/4-4/एस.ए.आर./एन.सी.बी.सी. /2015-16/

दिनांक: 16.09.15

सेवा में,

No. 155/CP/16/2015
16/9/2015

सचिव, भारत सरकार,
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय,
शास्त्री भवन,
नई दिल्ली-110001.

विषय : वर्ष 2014-15 के लिए राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग, नई दिल्ली के लेखाओं पर पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन।

महोदय,

मैं, राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग, नई दिल्ली के वर्ष 2014-15 के प्रमाणित वार्षिक लेखे की प्रति उसके पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन तथा लेखापरीक्षा प्रमाणपत्र सहित की प्रति संसद के पटल पर रखने के लिए संलग्न कर रहा हूँ।

संसद को प्रस्तुत कर दस्तावेज की दो प्रतियाँ उस तिथि को दर्शाते हुए, जब वे संसद को प्रस्तुत किए गए थे, इस कार्यालय को तथा भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक का कार्यालय, 9-दीन दयाल उपाध्याय मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110124 को भेजी जाएं।

कृपया यह सुनिश्चित किया जाए कि पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन को संसद के दोनो सदनों के समक्ष प्रस्तुत करने से पहले वार्षिक लेखाओं को शासी निकाय (Governing body) द्वारा अनुमोदित अवश्य करा लिया जाए तथा यह भी सुनिश्चित करें कि 2014-15 के लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन एवं लेखापरीक्षा प्रमाण पत्र को संसद के पटल पर रखने से पहले सभी पूर्व वर्षों के लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन एवं लेखापरीक्षा प्रमाणपत्र संसद के पटल पर प्रस्तुत किये जा चुके हों।

लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन का हिन्दी अनुवाद एवं इससे जारी करने से सम्बन्धित सभी कार्यों को आपके निकाय द्वारा किया जाना ही अपेक्षित है। पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन का हिन्दी अनुवाद जारी करते समय निम्नलिखित अस्वीकरण (disclaimer) अंकित करें।

“प्रस्तुत प्रतिवेदन मूल रूप से अंग्रेजी में लिखित पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन का हिन्दी अनुवाद है। यदि इसमें कोई विसंगति परिलक्षित होती है तो अंग्रेजी में लिखित प्रतिवेदन मान्य होगा।”

अनुलग्नक: यथोपरि

भवदीय,

E LAD

उप-निदेशक (ए.एम.जी.-I)

पत्र संख्या: ए.एम.जी.-1/4-4 /एस.ए.आर./एन.सी.बी.सी./2015-16/१७१

दिनांक: 16.09.15

प्रति:

श्री अशोक मंगोत्रा, सदस्य सचिव, राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग, ^{त्रिपुस्त} भीकाजी कामा प्लेस, नई दिल्ली-110066 को वर्ष 2014-15 की पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन, लेखापरीक्षा प्रमाणपत्र तथा प्रमाणित वार्षिक लेखे की प्रति सहित आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु अग्रेषित की जा रही है। पृथक लेखापरीक्षा प्रतिवेदन के हिन्दी अनुवाद की एक प्रति शीघ्र इस कार्यालय को भेजी जाए।

संसद को प्रस्तुत दस्तावेजों की दो प्रतियाँ उस तिथि को जब वे संसद में प्रस्तुत किए गए थे, दर्शाते हुए इस कार्यालय को तथा भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक का कार्यालय, नई दिल्ली-110124 को भेजी जाएं।

अनुलग्नक: यथोपरि

राजम आलुवा
उप-निदेशक (ए.एम.जी.-I)

Separate Audit Report of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India on the Accounts of National Commission for Backward Classes, New Delhi for the year ended 31 March 2015.

We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC), New Delhi as at 31 March 2015, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipt & Payment Account for the year ended on that date under Section 19(2) of the Comptroller & Auditor General's (Duties, Powers & Conditions of Service) Act, 1971 read with Section 13 (2) of the National Commission for Backward Classes, Act 1993. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

2. This Separate Audit Report contains the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG) on the accounting treatment only with regard to classification, conformity with the best accounting practices, accounting standards and disclosure norms, etc. Audit observations on financial transactions with regard to compliance with the Law, Rules & Regulations (Propriety and Regularity) and efficiency-cum-performance aspects, etc., if any, are reported through Inspection Report/CAG's Audit Reports separately.

3. We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in India. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidences supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

4. Based on our audit, we report that:

- (i) We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- (ii) The Balance Sheet, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipt & Payment Accounts dealt with by the report have not been drawn up as per the Uniform Format of Accounts approved by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India.
- (iii) In our opinion, proper books of accounts and other relevant records have been maintained by the

Commission as required under Section 13(1) of the National Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993 in so far as it appears from our examination of such books.

(iv) We further report that:

A. Balance Sheet

A.1 Liability

A.1.1 Current Liability-Rs. 43.81 lakh

Bills of Security Charges amounting to Rs. 5.59 lakh (Rs. 11.60 lakh less provision of Rs. 6.01 lakh made during 2014-15) pertaining to the year 2014-15 was paid in June 2015 and booked in the year 2015-16, which resulted in understatement of liability and understatement of expenditure by the same amount for 2014-15.

Further, Bills of Security Charges amounting to Rs. 2.06 lakh pertaining to year 2013-14 was paid and booked in 2014-15. This has resulted overstatement of current year expenditure and understatement of prior period expenditure by the same amount.

B. Grants-in-aid

Out of Rs. 381.10 lakh received as grant-in-aid from the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment under Non-Plan, Rs. 45.00 lakh was received in March 2015. It had unspent balance of previous year amounting to Rs. 107.69 lakh (Rs. 110.31 lakh under Plan and Rs. (-) 2.62 lakh under Non-Plan). The Commission also had an internal receipt of Rs. 32.19 lakh. Out of the total funds available, the Commission utilized Rs. 382.34 lakh (Rs. 369.49 lakh as Revenue Expenditure and Rs. 12.85 lakh as Capital Expenditure).

C. Management letter:

Deficiencies which have not been included in the Audit Report have been brought to the notice of the Commission through a management letter issued separately for remedial/corrective action.

v. Subject to our observations in the preceding paragraphs, we report that the Balance Sheet, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipt & Payment Account dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.

vi. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the

said financial statements read together with the Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts, and subject to the significant matters stated above and other matters mentioned in Annexure to this Audit Report give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) In so far as it relates to the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the National Commission for Backward Classes, New Delhi as at 31 March, 2015 and
- (b) In so far as it relates to Income and Expenditure Account of the Surplus for the year ended on that date.

For and on the behalf of C&AG of India

**Director General of Audit
(Central Expenditure)**

Place: New Delhi

Date:

16/8/15

Annexure

1. Adequacy of Internal audit system

The Internal Audit is being conducted by Principal Accounts Office of the Ministry and found adequate.

2 Adequacy of internal control system

Internal control system was found adequate in areas seen in audit.

3. System of physical verification of fixed assets

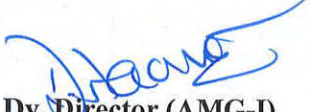
The physical verification of fixed assets was not conducted since 2009-10.

4. System of physical verification of inventory

The physical verification of inventory like books and publication, stationery and other consumable items have not been conducted.

5. Regularity in payment of statutory dues

As per annual accounts, no statutory dues were outstanding for more than six months.


Dy. Director (AMG-I)

National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-1, Bhika Ji Karna Palace, New Delhi-110066
Receipt and Payment Account of the National Commission for Backward Classes for the year ending 31st March, 2014

Receipt	Plan	Non Plan	Total Amount	Previous Year	Payment	Plan	Non Plan	Total Amount	Previous Year
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Opening Balance									
i. Cash in Hand	-	11,010	11,010	10,010					
ii. Cash at Bank	-	46,920	46,920	-					
a. State Bank of India	9,761,957	1,843,309	11,605,266	18,211,577	18,716,014	-	-	18,716,014	-
b. Union Bank of India									
iii. Cheques in Hand							8,348,637	8,348,637	7,609,818
2. Grant in aid From the M/o Social Justice & Empowerment							9,986,780	9,986,780	9,020,217
i. Recurring									
ii. Non Recurring		38,109,772	38,109,772	31,209,581					389,544
iii. Refund received from Indian Council of Social Science Commission	8,716,489	-	8,716,489	-					75,988
3. Revenue received by the Commission									
i. Plan- Recurring									
(A). Investments									
i. Each value or investments encashed									
ii. Interest on Investments									
iii. Interest on Bank Account and FDRS									
(B). Revenue Receipts									
i. Miscellaneous Receipt		300	300	5,000					
ii. Fees if any, charged by the commission(RTI)		7,137	7,137	5,000					
iii. Prior Period				14,925					
Total c/f	18,478,446	40,668,317	59,146,763	50,276,383	18,716,014	21,648,424	40,364,438	20,838,327	



(Signature)
अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
 सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

(Signature)
जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 सहाय सचिव / Under Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

(Signature)
बलजीत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
 उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

(Signature)
लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

**National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricooki, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066**

Receipt and Payment Account of the National Commission for Backward Classes for the year ending 31st March, 2015

Total b/f	18,478,446	40,688,317	59,166,763	50,276,383	18,716,014	21,648,424	40,364,438	20,838,327
(C). Debt/Deposit Receipts								
1. Recovery of Advance to staff								
i. House Building Advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,332
ii. Motor car Advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,989
iii. Motor car / Scooter Advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,661
iv. Other Advances	-	-	-	-	-	130,887	130,887	765,278
a. Computer Advance	-	4,500	-	-	-	1,337,914	1,337,914	239,702
b. Festive Advance	-	5,256	-	-	-	353,170	353,170	489,682
c. LTC Advance	-	3,790	-	-	-	387,317	387,317	262,386
d. TA Advance	-	3,790	-	2,785	-	357,799	357,799	290,300
e. Interest on HBA	-	-	-	-	-	36,000	36,000	315,920
f. Interest on MCA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,212
g. Interest on SCA	-	-	-	-	-	91,210	91,210	76,407
h. Other	-	-	-	-	-	82,629	82,629	1,051
2. Recovery of Contingent Advance				14,000				2,968,132
i. Advance to CPWD								189,078
ii. Advance to DGS & D								440,778
iii. Advance to Suppliers								38,011
iv. Case Hearing Advance	237,568	9,687						294,468
v. Advance to DDO								948,297
3. Other Deposits								-
i. Security Deposits		110,000						-
ii. Earnest money deposit			110,000					-
Total c/f	18,716,014	40,821,550	59,537,564	50,293,168	18,716,014	25,687,658	44,403,672	28,422,011

वकील सिंह / BALJEET SINGH
 वकील सिंह / Deputy Secretary
 एवं सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 राष्ट्रीय आयोग for Backward Classes
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 Tricooki, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A. K. Mangotra
 सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



**National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoook-I, Bhilka Ji Kama Palace, New delhi-110066**

Receipt and Payment Account of the National Commission for Backward Classes for the year ending 31st March, 2015

Total b/f	18,716,014	40,821,550	59,537,564	50,293,168	Total b/f	18,716,014	25,687,658	44,403,672	28,422,011
(D) Remittance receipt					(D) Grant in aid to other organisation				
i. GPF/CPF etc. recoveries from Deputationist	-	-	-	-	i. Expenditure in Litigation and special studies	-	-	-	-
ii. Licence Fee	-	37,211	37,211	-	ii. Promotional & Educational Research	-	-	-	-
iii. Income Tax	-	-	-	-	(E) Investments				
a. On Salary	-	-	-	5,517	Investments (detail to be shown in schedule)				
b. On Non Salary	-	-	-	110,543	(F) Contingent Advances				
iv. Central Govt. Health Scheme	-	-	-	-	i. Advance to CPWD		3,913,400	3,913,400	1,561,770
v. Postal Life Insurance	-	-	-	-	ii. Advance to DGS & D		-	-	-
vi. Central Govt. Employees Group Insurance Scheme	-	-	-	-	iii. Advance to NICS		-	-	1,031,950
vii. Defined Pension Contribution	-	-	-	-	iv. Case Hearing Advance		-	-	1,275,156
viii. GPF	-	-	-	-	v. Advance to DDO		138,100	138,100	-
ix. New Pension Scheme	-	-	-	16,188	(G) Advances to staff				
II. Non-Recurring					i. House building Advance		-	-	-
i. Sale of Car	-	-	-	97,280	ii. Motor Car/ Scooter Advance		-	-	-
ii. Sale of Newspaper	-	450	450	-	iii. Other Advances		3,000	3,000	2,900
					a. Festival Advance		18,000	18,000	26,250
					b. LTC Advance		148,948	148,948	84,409
					c. TA Advance		45,527	45,527	7,100
					d. Other		-	-	24,000
					(H) Other Adjustments				
					(Remittances)				
					i. GPF/CPF etc. recoveries from Deputationist		-	-	577,000
					ii. Licence Fee		37,211	37,211	68,862
					iii. Income Tax				
					a. On Salary		2,267,154	2,267,154	1,687,542
					b. On Non Salary		120,323	120,323	109,543
					iv. Central Govt. Health Scheme		81,900	81,900	81,450
					v. CGEGIS / CGEIS		13,716	13,716	14,424
					vi. GPF		2,430,850	2,430,850	2,699,600
					vii. HBA Recovery		45,055	45,055	21,900
Total c/f	18,716,014	40,859,211	59,575,225	50,522,696	Total c/f	18,716,014	34,950,842	53,666,856	37,695,867

बलवीर सिंह, ACCOUNTANT SINGH
उप सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं शक्तिशाली मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice And Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
उप सचिव / Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं शक्तिशाली मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi


अशोक मंगोत्रा / A. K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं शक्तिशाली मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi




National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika JI Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066

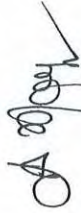
Receipt and Payment Account of the National Commission for Backward Classes for the year ending 31st March, 2015

Total b/f	18,716,014	40,859,211	59,575,225	50,522,696	18,716,014	34,950,842	53,666,856	37,695,867
						116,776	116,776	15,729
viii. New pension Scheme								
ix. Contribution to Prime Minister Relief Fund						32,250	32,250	-
x. CPF						1,076,000	1,076,000	-
xi. Computer Advance						6,596	6,596	-
3. Non-Recurring Expenditure								
(A) Other Establishment Charges								
i. Land								
ii. Building								181,081
iii. Furniture & Fixtures								7,000
iv. Machinery & Equipment								658,947
v. Motor vehicle								59,100
vi. Electrical Equipment						217,244	217,244	-
vii. Mobile Phone						10,000	10,000	-
viii. Computer Software						221,646	221,646	61,874
ix. Air Conditioner								-
x. Book								12,841
xi. Ipad						52,121	52,121	102,425
xii. Office equipment						44,937	44,937	16,141
xiii. Telephone								3,495
xiv. UPS								-
(B) Deposits								
i. Security Deposit								-
ii. Earnest Money Deposit						70,000	70,000	45,000
(C) Closing Cash Balance								
i. Cash in Hand						11,010	11,010	11,010
ii. Cheque in Hand								-
iii. Cash at Bank								-
a. State Bank of India						49,544	49,544	46,920
b. Union Bank of India						4,000,245	4,000,245	11,605,266
Total	18,716,014	40,859,211	59,575,225	50,522,696	18,716,014	40,859,211	59,575,225	50,522,696


बलजित सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
 उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi


लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi


जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 उप सचिव / Under Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi


अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
 सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



National Commission for Backward Classes
 Trikoot-I, Bhika Ji Karma Palace, New Delhi-110066
 Income Expenditure for the year ended 31st March 2015

Expenditure	Plan	Non Plan	Total Amount	Previous Year	Income	Plan	Non Plan	Total Amount	Previous Year
	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	
I. Recurring									
(a) Establishment Charges									
1 Salaries (Chairperson and Members)	-	11,132,785	11,132,785	9,072,845					31,209,581
2 Salaries (Officers and Establishment)	-	12,417,502	12,417,502	11,913,392					8,716,489
3 Honorarium	-	59,450	59,450	17,500		8,716,489			10,769,469
4 Case Hearing Expenses (2013-14)	1,032,343	-	1,032,343	2,968,132					-
5 Travel Expenses	-	817,345	817,345	948,297					-
6 Tuition Fees	-	319,781	319,781	389,544					-
7 Bonus	-	65,913	65,913	75,988					1,155,025
8 DA Arrears	-	247,887	247,887	477,105					-
9 Leave Salary & Pension Contribution	-	104,358	104,358	218,615					-
10 Leave Encashment	-	90,681	90,681	44,236					10,769,469
11 Leave Travel Concession	-	345,174	345,174	403,157					-
12 Medical Reimbursement	-	180,965	180,965	494,426					-
(b) Other Establishment Charges									
1 Wages	-	1,615,842	1,615,842	1,250,147					-
2 Office Expenses	-	129,339	129,339	388,111					-
3 Electricity & Water Expenses	-	716,210	716,210	72,212					820,290
4 Advertisement & Publicity	-	65,704	65,704	-					-
Total c/f	1,032,343	28,308,936	29,341,279	28,782,039		1,032,343	34,052,527	35,084,870	35,812,903
					(a) By Grant in Aid by from the M/O Social Justice & Empowerment				
					Add				
					Un-utilised Grant Received From ICSSR (Refer Note No.4)	8,716,489		8,716,489	
					Previous year Unutilised Grant	11,031,868	(262,399)	10,769,469	15,697,526
					Less				
					Amount of Grant in aid capitalised		1,285,318	1,285,318	1,155,025
					Less				
					Current year Unutilised Grant		3,186,834	3,186,834	10,769,469
					Less				
					Grant in Aid refunded to the M/O Social Justice & Empowerment	18,716,014		18,716,014	
						1,032,343	33,375,221	34,407,564	34,982,613
					(b) Receipts on Account of Interest				
					1. Interest on investment				
					2. Interest on Bank Account & short term Deposits				
					(c) Other Receipt				
					1. Miscellaneous Receipts & RTI Fees		7,437	7,437	5,000
					Total c/f	1,032,343	34,052,527	35,084,870	35,812,903

वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् / BALAJI SINGH
 सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



अशोक मंगोत्रा / A. K. Mangotra
 सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

National Commission for Backward Classes
 Trikoot-I, Bhika Ji Karna Palace, New Delhi-110066
 Income Expenditure for the year ended 31st March 2015

	1,032,343	28,308,936	29,341,279	28,782,039	Total b/f	1,032,343	34,052,527	35,084,870	35,812,903
Total b/f									
5 Hospitality Expenses	-	101,857	101,857	-	2. Fees, if any, charged by commission	-	-	-	-
6 Salary Arrear	-	-	-	-	3. Sale of Newspaper	-	450	450	-
7 Repair & Maintenance	-	1,243,117	1,243,117	48,332	4. Miscellaneous Recovery payable	-	-	-	-
8 Repair of Furniture & Fixtures	-	-	-	25,989	5. Honorarium Received	-	-	-	5,000
9 Repair of Machinery & Equipment	-	78,143	78,143	171,471	6. Prior Period Adjustments (Refer Note No.5)	-	2,541,628	2,541,628	-
10 Maintenance of Vehicle	-	334,167	334,167	262,957					
11 Petrol, Oil & Lubricants	-	356,196	356,196	520,803					
12 Hiring of Cooler Expenses	-	43,979	43,979	-					
13 Telephone Charges	-	357,799	357,799	263,476					
14 Miscellaneous Expenditure	-	281,564	281,564	1,113,690					
15 Legal Charges	-	40,000	40,000	290,300					
16 Audit Fee	-	130,000	130,000	445,920					
17 Professional Fee	-	532,928	532,928	326,062					
18 Overtime Allowance	-	82,629	82,629	76,407					
19 Bank Commission & Charges	-	953	953	1,051					
20 Conveyance Expenses	-	531,990	531,990	189,078					
21 Printing & Stationery	-	1,237,427	1,237,427	867,944					
22 Prior Period Expenses	-	-	-	420,853					
23 Transport Expenses	-	-	-	294,468					
24 Uniform Expenses	-	-	-	38,011					
25. Website Development Charges	-	1,031,950	1,031,950	-					
Total c/f	1,032,343	34,693,635	35,725,978	34,138,851	Total c/f	1,032,343	36,594,605	37,626,948	35,817,903

बलजीत सिंह / BALJI SINGH
 उपायुक्त सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice And Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
 सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जो. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 अवर सचिव / Under Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

नेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

National Commission for Backward Classes
 Trikoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066
 Income Expenditure for the year ended 31st March 2015

	1,032,343	34,693,635	35,725,978	34,138,851	1,032,343	36,594,605	37,626,948	35,817,903
Total b/f					Total b/f			
(c) Provident Fund & Other Contribution								
1 Pension & Gratuity (including committed value of Pension & LSPC)	-	81,214	81,214	8,094				
2 Contribution to CPF	-	1,142,000	1,142,000	884,000				
3 Deposit linked Insurance scheme	-	-	-	-				
4 Interest on CPF	-	-	-	-				
5 Interest on GPF	-	-	-	-				
6 Group Insurance Scheme	-	-	-	-				
(a) Insurance Fund	-	-	-	-				
(b) Saving Fund	-	-	-	-				
(c) Assistance to other organisations	-	-	-	-				
Special Studies & expenditure on litigation	-	-	-	-				
Promotional & Educational Research	-	-	-	-				
Excess of Income over Expenditure	-	677,756	677,756	830,290				
Total	1,032,343	36,594,605	37,626,948	35,812,903	Total	1,032,343	37,626,948	35,812,903

बलजीत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
 सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 सचिव / Under Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A. K. Mangotra
 सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



National Commission for Backward Classes
Receipt and Payment Account-Provident Fund & Group Insurance Scheme Etc. for the
year ending 31st March,2015

Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amount
1	2	3	4
A. General Provident fund		A. General Provident fund	
(a) Opening Balance	338,826	(a) Advance/ withdraw/Final Payment	-
(b) Subscription	2,622,500	(b) Remittances	2,622,500
(c) Recovery of Advance	-	(c) Investment of Balance	-
(b) Interest	-	(b) Closing Balance	338,826
B. Group Insurance Scheme		B. Group Insurance Scheme	
(a) Opening Balance	-	(a) Payment for insurance cover	-
(b) Insurance Fund	-	(b) Payment for Saving Fund	-
(c) Saving Fund	-	(c) Investments	-
		(d) Closing balance- Cash at Bank	-
Total	2,961,326	Total	2,961,326

बलजीत सिंह/BALJIT SINGH
उप सचिव/Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार/ Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली/ New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा/A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव/Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली/ New Delhi



लेखा अधिकारी/Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता/Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली/ New Delhi

जे. के. साहू/J. K. SAHU
अधिसचिव/Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार/ Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली/ New Delhi

National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066
Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2015

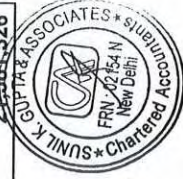
Liabilities	Sch.	Current year 2014-15	Previous year 2013-14	Assets	Sch.	Current year 2014-15	Previous year 2013-14
(A) Capital Assets Fund	1	5,889,533	8,072,411	(A) Fixed Assets	A	5,889,533	5,521,538
(B) Excess of Income Over Expenditure	2	2,276,655	1,598,899	(B) Investments	B	-	-
PAO Account				(C) Contingent Advances & Other Advances	C	3,119,158	4,151,592
(c) Current Liabilities and Provisions				(D) Security Deposit / Earnest Money	D	45,000	45,000
(i) Remittances	3	567,275	442,290	(E) Provident Funds etc.	E	-	-
(ii) Provident Funds etc.	4	-	-	(F) Sundry Debtors	F	-	-
(iii) Sundry Creditors and Expenses payable	5	4,381,027	11,267,726	(G) Closing Balance			
				a. Cash in Hand		11,010	11,010
				b. Cash at Bank			
				i. State Bank of India		49,544	46,920
				ii. Union Bank of India		4,000,245	11,605,266
		13,114,490	21,381,326			13,114,490	21,381,326

बलजीत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
 सचिव / Deputy Secretary,
 राष्ट्रीय आयोग / National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग / Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A. K. Mangotra
 सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय आयोग / National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग / Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 सचिव / Under Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय आयोग / National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग / Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



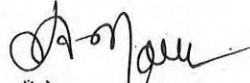
National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoof-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066

CAPITAL ASSET FUND

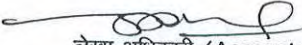
Schedule-"1"


S.NO.	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	ADJUSTMENTS MADE DURING THE YEAR(Refer Note No.5)	Closing Balance
1	Land	-	-	-	-
2	UPS	159,234	-	61,444	97,790
3	Furniture & Fixtures	2,290,296	-	547,006	1,743,290
4	Machinery & Equipment	479,306	-	231,737	247,569
5	Vehicles	2,589,205	-	1,220,945	1,368,260
6	Telephone	27,330	-	10,005	17,325
7	IPAD	268,471	-	69,143	199,328
8	Mobile Phone	12,799	10,000	(13,267)	36,066
9	Office Equipment	453,123	44,937	148,532	349,528
10	Electricals	274,530	283,328	(25,139)	582,997
11	Computer System & Software	854,230	221,646	865,967	209,909
12	Air Conditioners	618,283	725,407	306,219	1,037,471
13	Books	45,604	-	45,604	-
	Total:	8,072,411	1,285,318	3,468,196	5,889,533

बलजीत सिंह/BALJIT SINGH
उप सचिव/Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार/Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi


अशोक मंगोत्रा/A. K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव/Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi




लेखा अधिकारी/Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता/Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi


जे. के. साहू/J. K. SAHU
अवर सचिव/Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार/Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi

**National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066**

EXCESS OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE

Schedule-"2"

S.No.	Description	Amount
1	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	1,598,899
2	Excess of Income over Expenditure	677,756
3	Others	0
	Total	2,276,655

REMITTANCES

Schedule-"3"

SI.No	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	Amount Remitted	Closing Balance
1	General Provident Fund etc. recovery of staff on deputation	-	-	-	-
2	Licence Fee	11,305	101,387	-	112,692
3	Income Tax	-	2,267,154	2,267,154	-
4	Central Govt. Health Scheme	9,943	87,075	88,625	8,393
5	Postal Life Insurance	-	-	-	-
6	Central Govt. Employees Group Insurance Scheme	1,815	14,436	14,676	1,575
7	Computer Advance Recovery	1,625	7,131	7,131	1,625
8	General Provident Fund Subscription	338,826	2,622,500	2,622,500	338,826
9	HBA Advance Recovery	12,150	48,907	48,907	12,150
10	Interest on HBA Recovery	-	-	-	-
11	Interest on MCA Recovery	1,000	-	-	1,000
12	Interest on SCA Recovery	1,005	-	-	1,005
13	SCA Advance Recovery	3,180	-	-	3,180
14	MCA Advance Recovery	1,780	-	-	1,780
15	TDS Payable	(69)	125,343	124,660	614
16	National Pension Contribution	5,386	-	-	5,386
17	New Pension Scheme	54,344	141,481	116,776	79,049
18	Contribution to CPF	-	1,142,000	1,142,000	-
	Contribution to Prime Minister Relief Fund	-	32,250	32,250	-
20	Recovery of Conveyance	-	9,575	9,575	-
	Total	442,290	6,599,239	6,474,254	567,275

बलजीत सिंह / BALJEET SINGH
उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice And Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
अवर सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi




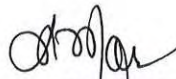
National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066

PROVIDENT FUND Etc.

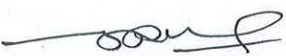
Schedule-"4"


Sl.No.	Description	Amount
(A) General Provident Fund		
	1. Opening Balance	-
	2. Subscription	-
	3. Recovery of Advance	-
	4. Interest	-
	Less:- Advance/Final Payment/Advance	-
	Sub Total:	-
(B) Group Insurance Scheme		
(a) Saving Fund		
	1. Opening Balance	-
	2. Subscription	-
	3. Interest	-
	Less:- Payment/Investment	-
	Sub Total:	-
(b) Insurance Fund		
	1. Opening Balance	-
	2. Subscription	-
	3. Interest	-
	Less:- Payment/Investments	-
	Sub Total:	-
	Total	-


 बलराज सिंह / BALRAJ SINGH
 उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi


 अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
 सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi




 लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi


 जे. के. साह / J. K. SAHU
 उप सचिव / Under Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

**National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066**

SUNDRY CREDITORS/OTHER LIABILITIES

Schedule-"5"

S.No.	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	Amount Written Off	Un-utilised Grant Received From Indian Council of Social Science Research (Refer Note No.4)	Grant in Aid refunded to the M/O Social Justice & Empowerment	Closing Balance
1	Security Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Earnest Money Deposits	-	110,000	70,000	-	-	40,000
3	Sundry Creditors	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Other Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	i. Unutilised Grant	10,769,469	38,109,772	35,692,882	8,716,489	18,716,014	3,186,834
6	Professional Fees Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Salary Payable	498,257	3,883,092	3,227,156	-	-	-
	Expenses Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	11,267,726	42,102,864	38,990,038	8,716,489	18,716,014	4,381,027

[Signature]

बलजीत सिंह/BALJIT SINGH
उप सचिव/Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



[Signature]
अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

[Signature]
जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
उप सचिव / Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता विभाग
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

[Signature]
रोषा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

**National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066**

ASSETS FUND

Schedule-"A"

S. NO	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	Amount Written Off	Closing Balance
1	Land	-	-	-	-
2	Building	-	-	-	-
3	Air Conditioners	431,141	725,407	119,077	1,037,471
4	Computer System & Software	136,891	221,646	148,628	209,909
5	Electricals	360,019	283,328	60,350	582,997
6	Furniture & Fixtures	1,936,989	-	193,699	1,743,290
7	I-Pads	225,355	-	26,027	199,328
8	Machinery & Equipment	291,258	-	43,689	247,569
9	Mobile Phones	32,431	10,000	6,365	36,066
10	Office Equipment	362,307	44,937	57,716	349,528
11	Telephone	20,382	-	3,057	17,325
12	UPS	115,047	-	17,257	97,790
13	Vehicles	1,609,718	-	241,458	1,368,260
	Total:	5,521,538	1,285,318	917,323	5,889,533

INVESTMENT

Schedule-"B"

S.NO.	Details	Amount
1	Fixed Deposits with Bank (s)	-
	(a) Opening Balance	-
	(b) Investment	-
	(c) Investment Encashed	-
	(d) Closing Balance	-
	TOTAL	-

बलजीत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
 उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
 परामर्शदाता / Consultant
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
 सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
 उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
 राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
 National Commission for Backward Classes
 सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
 Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066

CONTIGENT & OTHER ADVANCES

Schedule-"C"

S.No.	Description	Opening Value	Addition	Recoveries	Closing Balance
(A)	Contigent Advance				
	(a) Advance to CPWD	1,561,770	3,913,400	2,593,524	2,881,646
	(b) Advance to DDO	-	138,100	121,900	16,200
	(c) Advance to NICSI	1,031,950	-	1,031,950	-
	(d) Advance for Case Hearing	1,275,156	-	1,275,156	-
(B)	Advances to Employees				
	(a) House Building Advances	-	-	-	-
	(b) Advances for Computer	10,400	-	-	10,400
	(c) Motor Car/Scooter Advance	9,600	3,500	3,500	9,600
	(d) Advnace for Mobile Phone	10,000	-	-	10,000
	(e) Advance of Staff	38,167	-	4,000	34,167
	(f) Festival Advance	14,400	18,000	25,350	7,050
	(g) LTC Advance	178,409	148,948	217,912	109,445
	(h) TA Advance	6,815	45,527	26,617	25,725
	(i) Advance for Uniform	-	-	-	-
(C)	Other Advances				
	Salary in Advance	14,925	0	0	14,925
	Total	4,151,592	4,267,475	5,299,909	3,119,158

SECURITY/EARNEST MONEY DEPOSIT

Schedule-"D"

S.No.	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	Amount Written Off	Closing Balance
1	Security Deposit	45,000	0	0	45,000
2	Earnest Money Deposit	-	0	0	-
	TOTAL	45,000	0	0	45,000

बलजीत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice And Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
अवर सचिव / Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066

PROVIDENT FUND ETC**Schedule-"E"**

Sl.No.	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	Amount Written Off	Closing Balance
1	General provident fund				
	Opening Balance	-	-	-	-
	Add: Investment made during the year	-	-	-	-
	Less: Investments encashed	-	-	-	-
	Amount of Balance in cash	-	-	-	-
2	Group Insurance Scheme				
	(a) Saving Fund				
	Opening Balance	-	-	-	-
	Add: Investment made during the year	-	-	-	-
	Less: Investments Encashed	-	-	-	-
	Amount of Balance in Cash	-	-	-	-
	(b) Insurance Fund				
	Opening Balance	-	-	-	-
	Add: Investment made during the year	-	-	-	-
	Less: Investment encashed	-	-	-	-
	Amount of Balance in cash	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-

SUNDRY DEBTORS**Schedule-"F"**

Sl.No.	Description	Opening Balance	Addition	Amount Written off	Closing Balance
		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-

बलजीत सिंह/BALJIT SINGH
उप सचिव/Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार/Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा/A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव/Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi



लेखा अधिकारी/Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता/Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi

जे. के. साह/J. K. SAHU
उप सचिव/Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार/Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली/New Delhi

National Commission for Backward Classes
Tricoot-I, Bhika Ji Kama Palace, New Delhi-110066

Calculation of Depreciation for the year ending 31st March 2015

S. No.	Description	Rate of Depreciation	Opening Balance	Addition		Amount Written Off	Depreciation		Closing Balance
				Before September	After September		Before September	After September	
1	Land	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Building	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Air Conditioners	15%	431,141	-	725,407	-	-	-	-
4	Books	100%	-	-	-	64,671	54,406	119,077	1,037,471
5	Computer System & Software	60%	136,891	-	221,646	82,135	66,494	148,628	209,909
6	Electricals	10%	360,019	203,632	79,696	56,365	3,985	60,350	582,997
7	Furniture & Fixtures	10%	1,936,989	-	-	193,699	-	193,699	1,743,290
8	IT-Pads	15%	225,355	-	-	33,803	-	26,027	199,328
9	Machinery & Equipment	15%	291,258	-	-	43,689	-	43,689	247,569
10	Mobile Phones	15%	32,431	10,000	-	6,365	-	6,365	36,066
11	Office Equipment	15%	362,307	-	44,837	54,346	3,370	57,716	349,528
12	Telephone	15%	20,382	-	-	3,057	-	3,057	17,325
13	UPS	15%	115,047	-	-	17,257	-	17,257	97,790
14	Vehicles	15%	1,609,718	-	-	241,458	-	241,458	1,368,260
	Total		5,521,538	213,632	1,071,686	796,844	128,254	917,323	5,889,533

बलवंत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
वर सचिव / Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
वर सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
वर सचिव / Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

NATIONAL COMMISSION OF BACKWARD CLASSES

SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31ST MARCH 2015

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated and on the accrual method of accounting.

2. FIXED ASSETS

2.1. Fixed assets are stated at cost of acquisition inclusive of inward freight, duties and taxes and incidental and direct expenses related to acquisition less depreciation according to the rates as per the Income Tax Act, 1961. Sale of fixed asset if any, is reduced from the WDV of respective asset as per the Income Tax Act, 1961

3. DEPRECIATION

- 3.1. Depreciation is provided on the written down value method as per the rates specified in the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 3.2. In respect of additions to/ deduction from fixed assets during the year, depreciation is considered as per the Income Tax act, 1961.
- 3.3. Depreciation charges are credited to Capital Assets Funds since entire cost of fixed assets is debited to Capital Assets Fund

4. MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE

Miscellaneous expenditure has been booked under other charges in the income & expenditure account.

5. GOVERNMENT GRANTS / SUBSIDIES

- 5.1. Grants in respect of specific fixed assets acquired are shown as deduction from the cost of related assets.
- 5.2. Government grants/subsidy are accounted on realization basis.

6. CURRENT ASSETS, LOANS & ADVANCES

In the opinion of management, current assets, loans and advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business, equal at least to the aggregate amount shown in the balance sheet.

बलजीत सिंह / BALJIT SINGH
उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice And Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
अवर सचिव / Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

7. TAXATION

In view of there being no taxable income under the Income Tax act, 1961, no provision for income tax has been considered necessary.

NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

1. Separate Bank accounts of Plan & Non Plan Grant in Aid should be maintained.
2. License Fees is not deposited due to non-acceptance of the same by software of the Director of Estate.
3. Employee Share of New Pension Scheme not deposited due to non-registration with NSDL.
4. During the year 2012-13 commission has released a sum of Rs.1,00,00,000 to Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR) for conducting survey of Jat Community in six states out of Rs.2,40,00,000 released by Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment (Mo S & JE) as Plan Grant and debited the same under the head Payment for Professional & Special Services.

Now, during the current year i.e.2014-15 ICSSR submitted the details of expenses of Rs.12,83,511/- spent by them on conducting survey of Jat Community in six states and refunded the balance amount of Rs.87,16,489/- which is in turn refunded to Mo S & JE along with the unspent amount of Rs.99,99,525/- lying with the commission.

5. In previous year depreciation charged on fixed assets amounting to Rs.25,50,873/- debited to miscellaneous expense account. Simultaneously Commission is also claiming purchase of fixed assets as a deduction from grant in aid account. During the year depreciation charged during previous years and current year is reduced from capital assets fund account and Rs.25,50,873/- credited to prior period adjustment account and Rs.9,17,323 credited to depreciation account.

बलजीत सिंह / BALJEET SINGH
उप सचिव / Deputy Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

अशोक मंगोत्रा / A.K. Mangotra
सदस्य सचिव / Member Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi



लेखा अधिकारी / Accounts Officer
परामर्शदाता / Consultant
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

जे. के. साहू / J. K. SAHU
अवर सचिव / Under Secretary
राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग
National Commission for Backward Classes
सामाजिक न्याय एवं अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
भारत सरकार / Govt. of India
नई दिल्ली / New Delhi

ANNEXURES

No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions
(Department of Personnel & Training)

New Delhi, the 8th September, 1993
OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:-Reservation for Other Backward Classes in Civil Posts and Services under the Government of India—Regarding.

The undersigned is directed to refer to this Department's O.M. No. 36012/31/90-Estt. (SCT), dated the 13th August, 1990 and 25th September, 1991 regarding reservation for Socially and Educationally Backward Classes in Civil Posts and Services under the Government of India and to say that following the Supreme Court judgement in the Indira Sawhney and others Vs. Union of India and others case [Writ Petition (Civil) No. 930 of 1990] the Government of India appointed an Expert Committee to recommend the criteria for exclusion of the socially advanced persons/sections from the benefits of reservations for Other Backward Classes in civil posts and services under the Government of India.

2. Consequent to the consideration of the Expert Committee's recommendations this Department's Office Memorandum No. 36012/31/90-Estt. (SCT), dated 13.8.90 referred to in para (1) above is hereby modified to provide as follows:

- (a) 27% (twentyseven+ percent) of the vacancies in civil posts and services under the Government of India, to be filled through direct recruitment, shall be reserved for the Other Backward Classes. Detailed instructions relating to the procedure to be followed for enforcing reservation will be issued separately.
- (b) Candidates belonging to OBCs recruited on the basis of merit in an open competition on the same standards prescribed for the general candidates shall not be adjusted against the reservation quota of 27%.
- (c) (i) The aforesaid reservation shall not apply to persons/sections mentioned in column 3 of the Schedule to this office memorandum.
(ii) The rule of exclusion will not apply to persons working as artisans or engaged in hereditary occupations, callings. A list of such occupations, callings will be issued separately by the Ministry of Welfare.
- (d) The OBCs for the purpose of the aforesaid reservation would comprise, in the first phase, the castes and communities which are common to both the lists in the report of the Mandal Commission and the State Governments' Lists. A list of such castes and communities is being issued separately by the Ministry of Welfare.
- (e) The aforesaid reservation shall take immediate effect. However, this will not apply to vacancies where the recruitment process has already been initiated prior to the issue of this order.

3. Similar instructions in respect of public sector undertakings and financial institutions including public sector banks will be issued by the Department of Public Enterprises and by the Ministry of Finance respectively effective from the date of this Office Memorandum.

Sd/-
(Smt. Sarita Prasad)
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

To
All Ministries/Departments of Government of India.

Copy:

1. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi : It is requested that the said instructions may be issued in respect of PSUs, Public Sector Banks & Insurance Corporation.
2. Ministry of Finance (Banking & Insurance Divisions), New Delhi.

SCHEDULE

1	Description of category	To whom rule of exclusion will apply
1	2	3
	I. CONSTITUTIONAL POSTS	<p>Son(s) and daughter(s) of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) President of India; (b) Vice President of India; (c) Judges of the Supreme court and of the High Courts; (d) Chairman & Members of UPSC and of the State Public Service Commission; Chief Election Commissioner; Comptroller & Auditor General of India; (e) persons holding Constitutional positions of like nature.
	<p>II. SERVICE CATEGORY A. Group A/Class 1 officers of the All India Central and State Services (Direct Recruits).</p>	<p>Son(s) and daughter(s) of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) parents, both of whom are Class I officers; (b) parents, either of whom is a Class I officer; (c) parents, both of whom are Class I officers, but one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation. (d) parents, either of whom is a Class I officer and such parent dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years. (e) parents, both of whom are class I officers die or suffer permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation of the both, either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years.
		<p>Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Sons and daughters of parents either of whom or both of whom are Class-I officers and such parent(s) dies/die or suffer permanent incapacitation. (b) A lady belonging to OBC category has got married to a Class-I officer, and may herself like to apply for a job.

1

2

3

B. Group B/Class II officers of the Central & State Services (Direct Recruitment)

Son(s) and daughter(s) of

- (a) parents both of whom are Class II officers.
- (b) parents of whom only the husband is a Class II officer and he gets into Class I at the age of 40 or earlier.
- (c) parents, both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and either one of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before such death or permanent incapacitation;
- (d) parents of whom the husband is a Class I officer (direct recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the wife is a Class II officer and the wife dies; or suffers permanent incapacitation; and
- (e) parents, of whom the wife is a Class I officer (Direct Recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the husband is a Class II officer and the husband dies or suffers permanent incapacitation

Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases :

Sons and daughters of

- (a) Parents both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.
- (b) Parents, both of whom are Class II officers and both of them die or suffer permanent incapacitation, even though either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before their death or permanent incapacitation

C. Employees in Public Sector Undertakings etc.

The criteria enumerated in A & B above in this Category will apply mutatis mutandi to officers holding equivalent or comparable posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance Organisations, Universities, etc. and also to equivalent or comparable posts and positions under private employment, Pending the evaluation of the posts on equivalent or comparable basis in these institutions, the criteria specified in Category VI below will apply to the officers in these Institutions.

1	2	3
<p>III. ARMED FORCES INCLUDING PARAMILITARY FORCES (Persons holding civil posts are not included)</p>	<p>Son(s) and daughter(s) of parents either or both of whom is or are in the rank of Colonel and above in the Army and to equivalent posts in the Navy and the Air Force and the Para Military Forces;</p>	<p>Provided that:—</p> <p>(i) if the wife of an Armed Forces Officer is herself in the Armed Forces (i.e., the category under consideration) the rule of exclusion will apply only when she herself has reached the rank of Colonel;</p> <p>(ii) the service ranks below Colonel of husband and wife shall not be clubbed together;</p> <p>(iii) If the wife of an officer in the Armed Forces is in civil employment, this will not be taken into account for applying the rule of exclusion unless she falls in the service category under item No. II in which case the criteria and conditions enumerated therein will apply to her independently.</p>
<p>IV. PROFESSIONAL CLASS AND THOSE ENGAGED IN TRADE AND INDUSTRY</p>	<p>(I) <i>Persons engaged in profession as a doctor, lawyer, chartered accountant, Income-Tax consultant, financial or management consultant, dental surgeon, engineer, architect, computer specialist, film artists and other film professional, author, playwright, sports person, sports professional, media professional or any other vocations of like status.</i></p>	<p>Criteria specified against Category VI will apply:—</p>
<p>(II) <i>Persons engaged in trade, business and industry.</i></p>	<p>Criteria specified against Category VI will apply:</p>	<p><i>Explanation:</i></p> <p>(i) Where the husband is in some profession and the wife is in a Class II or lower grade employment, the income/wealth test will apply only on the basis of the husband's income.</p> <p>(ii) If the wife is in any profession and the husband is in employment in a Class II or lower rank post, then the income/wealth criterion will apply only on the basis of the wife's income and the husband's income will not be clubbed with it.</p>

1	2	3
V.	PROPERTY OWNERS	
	A. Agricultural holdings	Son(s) and daughter(s) of persons belonging to a family (father, mother and minor children) which owns
		(a) only irrigated land which is equal to or more than 85% of the statutory area, or
		(b) both irrigated and unirrigated land, as follows :
		(i) The rule of exclusion will apply where the pre-condition exists that the irrigated area (having been brought to a single type under a common denominator) 40% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land (this being calculated by excluding the unirrigated portion). If this pre-condition of not less than 40% exists, then only the area of unirrigated land will be taken into account. This will be done by converting the unirrigated land on the basis of the conversion formula existing, into the irrigated type. The irrigated area so computed from unirrigated land shall be added to the actual area of irrigated land and if after such clubbing together the total area in terms of irrigated land is 80% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land, then the rule of exclusion will apply and disentitlement will occur.
		(ii) The rule of exclusion will not apply if the land holding of a family is exclusively unirrigated.
	B. Plantations	
	(i) Coffee, tea, rubber, etc.	Criteria of income/wealth specified in Category VI below will apply.
	(ii) Mango, citrus, apply plantations etc.	Deemed as agricultural holding and hence criteria at A above under this Category will apply.
	C. Vacant land and/or buildings in urban areas or urban agglomerations	Criteria specified in Category VI below will apply.
		<i>Explanation :</i> Building may be used for residential, industrial or commercial purpose and the like two or more such purposes.
VI.	INCOME/WEALTH TEST	
		Son(s) and daughter(s) of
		(a) Persons having gross annual income of Rs. 1 lakh or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years.

1**2****3**

- (b) Persons in Categories I, II, III and V A who are not disentitled to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources of wealth which will bring them within the income/wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above.

Explanation:

- (i) Income from salaries or agricultural land shall not be clubbed;
- (ii) The income criteria in terms of rupee will be modified taking into account the change in its value every three years. If the situation, however, so demands, the interregnum may be less.

Explanation: Wherever the expression "permanent incapacitation" occur in this schedule. it shall mean incapacitation which results in putting an officer out of service.

No.36033/3/2004-Estt(Res)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
Department of Personnel and Training

North Block, New Delhi.
Dated: 9th March, 2004.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

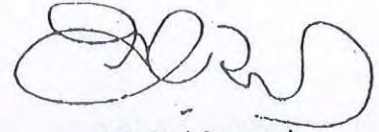
Subject: Revision of Income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from the purview of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBCs).

The undersigned is directed to invite attention to this Department's O.M. No.36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 8th September, 1993 which inter alia provides that sons and daughters of persons having gross annual income of Rs. 1 lakh or above for a period of three consecutive years fall within the creamy layer and are not entitled to get the benefit of reservation available to the Other Backward Classes. It has been decided to raise the Income limit from Rs. 1.lakh to Rs. 2.5 lakh for determining the creamy layer amongst the OBCs. Accordingly the following entry is hereby substituted for the existing entry against Category VI in the Schedule to the above referred O.M.:

<u>Category</u>	<u>Description of Category</u>	<u>To whom the rule of exclusion will apply</u>
VI	INCOME/WEALTH TEST	<p>Son(s) and daughter(s)of</p> <p>(a) Persons having gross annual income of Rs. 2.5 lakh or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years.</p> <p>(b) Persons in Categories I, II, III and V A who are not disentitled to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources or wealth which will bring them within the income /wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above.</p> <p><u>Explanation:</u></p> <p>Income from salaries or agricultural land shall not be clubbed.</p>

2 The provisions of this Office Memorandum take effect from the 4th February, 2004.

3 All the Ministries/Departments are requested to bring the contents of this Office Memorandum to the notice of all concerned.



(K.G. Verma)

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India
Tele: 23092797

To

1. All the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
2. Department of Economic Affairs (Banking Division), New Delhi.
3. Department of Economic Affairs (Insurance Division), New Delhi.
4. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi.
5. Railway Board.
6. Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/Election Commission/Lok Sabha Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/President's Secretariat/Prime Minister's Office/Planning Commission.
7. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi.
8. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi.
9. National Commission for SCs and STs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.
10. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-I, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi.
11. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10, Bahadurshah Zafar Marg, New Delhi – 110002.
12. Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New Delhi. (100 copies)
13. Spare copies – 400

No.36033/3/2004-Estt. (Res.)
 Government of India
 Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions
 Department of Personnel & Training

New Delhi, dated the 14th October, 2008

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:- Revision of income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from the purview of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBCs).

The undersigned is directed to invite attention to this Department's O.M No.36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 8th September, 1993 which inter alia provided that sons and daughters of persons having gross annual income of Rs.1 lakh or above for a period of three consecutive years would fall within the creamy layer and would not be entitled to get the benefit of reservation available to the Other Backward Classes. The limit of income for determining the creamy layer status was raised to Rs. 2.5 lakh vide this Department's OM of even number dated 9.3.2004. It has now been decided to raise the income limit from Rs. 2.5 lakh to Rs. 4.5 lakh per annum for determining the creamy layer amongst the OBCs. Accordingly the following entry is hereby substituted for the existing entry against Category VI in the Schedule to the above referred O.M.

<u>Category</u>	<u>Description of Category</u>	<u>To whom the rule of exclusion will apply</u>
VI	Income/Wealth Test	<p>Son(s) and daughter(s) of</p> <p>(a) Persons having gross annual income of Rs. 4.5 lakh or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for period of three consecutive years.</p> <p>(b) Persons in Categories I, II, III and V A who are not disentitled to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources of wealth which will bring them within the income/wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above.</p>

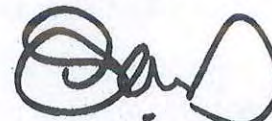
Explanation:

Income from salaries or agricultural land shall not be clubbed.

- 2 -

2. The provisions of this Office Memorandum take effect from the 3rd October, 2008.

3. All the Ministries/Departments are requested to bring the contents of this Office Memorandum to the notice of all concerned.



(K.G Verma)
Director

To

1. All the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
2. Department of Economic Affairs (Banking Division), New Delhi.
3. Department of Economic Affairs (Insurance Division), New Delhi.
4. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi.
5. Railway Board.
6. Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/Election Commission/Lok Sabha Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/Prime Minister's Office/Planning Commission.
7. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
8. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi.
9. National Commission for SCs and STs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.
10. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-I, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi.
11. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadurshah Zafar Marg, New Delhi- 110002.
12. Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New Delhi. (100 copies)
13. Spare copies – 400.

Copies forwarded to :

The Chief Secretaries of all the States/ UTs. for information and necessary action.

No. 36033/1/2013-Estt. (Res.)

Government of India

Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions

Department of Personnel & Training

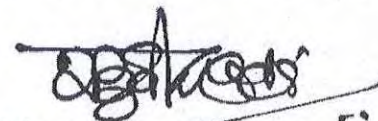
North Block, New Delhi,

Dated: the 27th May, 2013OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Revision of income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from the purview of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBCs)-reg.

The undersigned is directed to invite attention to this Department's office memorandum No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 8th September, 1993 which, *inter-alia*, provided that sons and daughters of persons having gross annual income of Rs. 1 lakh or above for a period of three consecutive years would fall within the creamy layer and would not be entitled to get the benefit of reservation available to the Other Backward Classes. The aforesaid limit of income for determining the creamy layer status was subsequently raised to Rs. 2.5 lakh and Rs. 4.5 lakh and accordingly the expression "Rs. 1 lakh" under Category-VI of Schedule to OM dated 8th September, 1993 was revised to "Rs. 2.5 lakh" and to "Rs. 4.5 lakh" vide this Department's OMs No. 36033/3/2004-Estt. (Res.) dated 09.03.2004 and dated 14.10.2008 respectively.

2. It has now been decided to raise the income limit from Rs. 4.5 lakh to Rs. 6 lakh per annum for determining the creamy layer amongst the Other Backward Classes. Accordingly, the expression "**Rs. 4.5 lakh**" under Category VI in the Schedule to this Department's aforesaid O.M. of 8th September, 1993 would be substituted by Rs. "**Rs. 6 lakh**".
3. The provisions of this office memorandum have effect from 16th May, 2013.
4. All the Ministries/Departments are requested to bring the contents of this office memorandum to the notice of all concerned.



(Sharad Kumar Srivastava)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

To:

1. All the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.

Contd. 2....

--2--

2. Department of Financial Services, New Delhi.
3. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi.
4. Railway Board, New Delhi.
5. Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/Lok Sabha Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/President's Secretariat/Prime Minister's Office/Planning Commission.
6. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
7. Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi
8. National Commission for SCs/National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi.
9. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R. K. Puram, New Delhi.
10. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi-110002.
11. Information and Facilitation Centre, DoPT, North Block, New Delhi (100 copies).
- ✓ 12. The NIC, DoPT with a request to upload it at the website of this Department in OMs & Orders > Estt. (Res.) > SC/ST/OBC and in 'What's New'

Copies forwarded to:

The Chief Secretaries of all the States/Union Territories for information and necessary action.

रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० एल०-33004/99

REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99



भारत का राजपत्र

The Gazette of India

असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग I—खण्ड 1

PART I—Section 1

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 16]

नई दिल्ली, बुधवार, जनवरी 14, 2015/पौष 24, 1936

No. 16]

NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 2015/PAUSA 24, 1936

सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय

(सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग)

संकल्प

नई दिल्ली, 14 जनवरी, 2015

सं. 12011/04/2014-बीसी-II.—भारत सरकार ने कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत और पेंशन मंत्रालय (कार्मिक और प्रशिक्षण विभाग) के दिनांक 8 सितंबर, 1993 के का.जा. 36012/22/93-स्था. (एससीटी) के द्वारा केंद्र सरकार के अधीन सिविल पदों और सेवाओं में रिक्तियों का 27 प्रतिशत भाग अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों (ओबीसी) के पक्ष में सीधी भर्ती के माध्यम से भरने के लिए आरक्षित किया है।

2. राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग (एनसीबीसी) अधिनियम, 1993 (1993 का 27) के उपबंधों के अनुसार, राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग आयोग की स्थापना की गई थी, ताकि ओबीसी की केंद्रीय सूची में समावेशन और अधिक समावेशन और अल्प समावेशन की शिकायतों पर विचार किया जा सके, उनकी जांच की जा सके और तत्संबंधी सिफारिश की जा सके।

3. 26 राज्यों और संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों के संबंध में ओबीसी की सामान्य केंद्रीय सूची मंत्रालय के संकल्प सं.12011/68/1993-बीसीसी(सी), दिनांक 10 सितंबर, 1993; सं.12011/9/1994-बीसीसी, दिनांक 19 अक्टूबर, 1994; सं.12011/7/1995-बीसीसी, दिनांक 24 मई, 1995 और सं.12011/99/94-बीसीसी, दिनांक 11 दिसंबर, 1997 के द्वारा अधिसूचित की गई थी। उक्त सूचियों में एनसीबीसी की सिफारिशों के आधार पर संशोधन किया गया था और उन्हें समय-समय पर संकल्प सं.12011/96/94-बीसीसी, दिनांक 9 मार्च, 1996; सं.12011/44/96-बीसीसी, दिनांक 6 दिसंबर, 1996; सं.12011/13/97-बीसीसी, दिनांक 3 दिसंबर, 1997; सं.12011/68/98-बीसीसी, दिनांक 27 अक्टूबर, 1999; सं.12011/88/99-बीसीसी, दिनांक 6 दिसंबर, 1999; सं.12011/36/99-बीसीसी, दिनांक 4 अप्रैल, 2000; सं.12011/44/99-बीसीसी, दिनांक 21 सितंबर, 2000; सं. 12015/9/2000-बीसीसी, दिनांक 6 सितंबर, 2001;

सं.12011/1/2001-बीसीसी, दिनांक 19 जून, 2003; सं. 12011/4/2002-बीसीसी, दिनांक 13 जनवरी, 2004; सं.12011/9/2004-बीसीसी, दिनांक 16 जनवरी, 2006; सं. 12011/14/2004-बीसीसी, दिनांक 12 मार्च, 2007; सं.12011/16/2007-बीसीसी, दिनांक 12 अक्टूबर, 2007; सं. 12018/6/2005-बीसीसी, दिनांक 30 जुलाई, 2010; सं.12015/2/2007-बीसीसी, दिनांक 18 अगस्त, 2010; सं. 12015/15/2008-बीसीसी, दिनांक 16.6.2011; सं.12015/13/2010-बीसी-II, दिनांक 8 दिसंबर, 2011; सं. 12015/5/2011-बीसी-II, दिनांक 17 फरवरी, 2014 और सं. 20012/129/2009-बीसी-II, दिनांक 4 मार्च, 2014 के द्वारा अधिसूचित की गई थी।

4. एनसीबीसी ने बाद में मध्य प्रदेश राज्य के संबंध में ओबीसी की केंद्रीय सूची में एक जाति की वर्तनी में शुद्धि करने की सिफारिश की है।

5. सरकार ने आयोग की सिफारिश पर विचार किया है और उसे स्वीकार कर लिया है। तदनुसार, मध्य प्रदेश के संबंध में ओबीसी की केंद्रीय सूची में संशोधन एतद्वारा अधिसूचित किया जाता है।

क्र.सं.	राज्य का नाम	पुरानी प्रविष्टि	नई प्रविष्टि
1.	मध्य प्रदेश	37. करमारिया	37. कमारिया

बी.एल. मीना, संयुक्त सचिव

MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT

(Department of Social Justice and Empowerment)

RESOLUTION

New Delhi, the 14th January, 2015

No. 12011/04/2014-BC-II.—The Government of India, vide the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pension (Department of Personnel and Training) OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated the 8th September, 1993 have reserved 27 per cent of vacancies in civil posts and services under the Central Government, to be filled through direct recruitment in favour of the Other Backward Classes (OBCs).

2. The National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC) was set up as per the provisions of the National Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993 (27 of 1993) to entertain, examine and recommend upon the requests for inclusion and complaints of over-inclusion and under-inclusion in the Central List of OBCs.

3. The Common Central List of OBCs in respect of 26 States and Union Territories were notified vide Ministry of Resolution No.12011/68/1993-BCC(C) dated the 10th September, 1993, No.12011/9/1994-BCC dated 19th October, 1994, No.12011/7/1995-BCC dated the 24th May, 1995 and No.12011/99/94-BCC dated the 11th December, 1997. The said lists were amended on the basis of the recommendations of the NCBC and notified from time to time vide Resolutions No.12011/96/94-BCC dated the 9th March, 1996, No.12011/44/96-BCC dated the 6th December, 1996; No.12011/13/97-BCC dated the 3rd December, 1997, No.12011/68/98-BCC dated the 27th October, 1999, No.12011/88/99-BCC dated the 6th December, 1999, No.12011/36/99-BCC dated the 4th April, 2000, No.12011/44/99-BCC dated the 21st September, 2000, No.12015/9/2000-BCC dated the 6th September, 2001, No.12011/1/2001-BCC dated the 19th June, 2003, No.12011/4/2002-BCC dated the 13th January, 2004, No.12011/9/2004-BCC dated the 16th January, 2006, No.12011/14/2004-BCC dated the 12th March, 2007, No.12011/16/2007-BCC dated the 12th October, 2007, No.12018/6/2005-BCC dated the 30th July, 2010, No.12015/2/2007-BCC dated the 18th August, 2010, No.12015/15/2008-BCC dated the 16th June, 2011,

No.12015/13/2010-BC-II dated the 8th December, 2011, No.12015/5/2011-BC-II dated the 17th February, 2014 and No. 20012/129/2009-BC-II dated the 4th March, 2014.

4. The NCBC have subsequently recommended for spelling correction of one caste in the Central List of OBCs in respect of the State of Madhya Pradesh.

5. The Government has considered and accepted the recommendation of the Commission. Accordingly, the amendment in the Central List of OBCs in respect of Madhya Pradesh is hereby notified.

S.No.	Name of the State	Old Entry	New Entry
1.	Madhya Pradesh	37. Karmariya	37. Kamariya

B. L. MEENA, Jt. Secy.



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग I—खण्ड 1

PART I—Section 1

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 26]

नई दिल्ली, मंगलवार, जनवरी 27, 2015/माघ 7, 1936

No. 26]

NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 2015/MAGHA 7, 1936

सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय

(सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 23 जनवरी, 2015

संकल्प

सं. 12011/7/2014-बीसी-II.—भारत सरकार, कल्याण मंत्रालय ने दिनांक 10.09.1993 का संकल्प सं. 12011/68/93-बीसीसी जिसे भारत के राजपत्र के असाधारण भाग-I, खण्ड-1 जी. एन. सं. 186 में सोमवार, 13 सितम्बर, 1993 को प्रकाशित किया गया जिसके अंतर्गत केरल राज्य में क्रम सं. 50 पर पुलुवन जाति को अन्य पिछड़ा वर्ग कि सामान्य सूची में शामिल किया गया था और दिनांक 27.10.1999 के संकल्प सं. 12011/68/98-बीसीसी, जिसे भारत का राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग-I, खण्ड-1, जी. एन. सं. 241 में बुधवार, 27 अक्टूबर, 1999 को प्रकाशित किया गया था, जिसके अंतर्गत केरल राज्य में क्रम सं. 74 पर "तच्चर" जाति को अन्य पिछड़ा वर्ग की केंद्रीय सूची में शामिल किया गया और चूंकि अब उक्त समुदायों को केरल राज्य की अनुसूचित जातियों की सूची में शामिल किया गया है, इसलिए उक्त संकल्प में निम्नलिखित संशोधन किये जाते हैं, यथा :—

1. केरल राज्य की अन्य पिछड़ा वर्ग की केंद्रीय सूची की प्रविष्टि सं. 50 पर नामित "पुलुवन" जाति को विलोपित किया जाता है।
2. केरल राज्य की अन्य पिछड़ा वर्ग की केंद्रीय सूची की प्रविष्टि सं. 74 पर नामित "तच्चर" जाति के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित संशोधित किया जाए:-

विद्यमान प्रविष्टि	संशोधित प्रविष्टि
74. तच्चर	74. "तच्चर जो बढ़ई है "

बी. एल. मीना, संयुक्त सचिव

MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT
(Department of Social Justice and Empowerment)
RESOLUTION

New Delhi, the 23rd January, 2015

No. 12011/7/2014-BC-II.—Whereas by the Resolution of the Government of India, Ministry of Welfare bearing No. 12011/68/93-BCC dated 10.9.1993 published in Extraordinary issue of the Gazette of India, Part-I, Section-1, G.N. No. 186, Monday, September 13, 1993 in the State : Kerala : Common List Pulluvan was included against S.No.50 and No. 12011/68/98-BCC dated 27.10.1999 published in Extraordinary issue of the Gazette of India, Part-I, Section-1, G.N. No. 241, Wednesday, October 27, 1999 in the State : Kerala : Thachar was included against S. No.74 and whereas the said communities have now been included in the list of Scheduled Castes of Kerala, therefore the following amendments are made in the said Resolution, namely:

1. S. No. 50 and entry namely “Pulluvan” caste stands omitted from the Central List of OBCs for the State of Kerala.
2. S. No.74 and entry namely “Thachar” caste in the Central list of OBCs for the State of Kerala stands modified as under:—

Existing Entry	Modified Entry
74. Thachar	74. “Thachar who are Carpenters”

B. L. MEENA, Jt. Secy.

No. 36036/2/2013- Estt.(Res.)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions
Department of Personnel & Training

North Block, New Delhi
 Dated: 30th May, 2014

To,
 The Chief Secretaries of
 all the State Governments/Union Territories

Subject: Revision of format for OBC Caste Certificate

Madam/Sir,

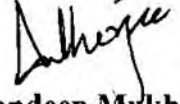
The Government of India had issued instructions on 8th September, 1993 vide DoPT O.M. No. 36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) providing for reservation to Other Backward Classes in the services and posts under the Government of India. The format of the Caste Certificate was prescribed vide Annexure A of the O.M. No. 36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 15th November 1993. In the said format, the then Ministry of Welfare's Resolution No. 12011/68/93-BCC(C) dated 10th September 1993 was mentioned, which contained the list of castes and communities treated as OBCs till that time. Since then, a large number of castes and communities have been added to the Central List of OBCs through various resolutions of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment. The details of the resolutions subsequent to the Resolution dated 10th September 1993 do not find mention in the existing format. The said format also prescribes that the certificate issuing authority should certify that the candidate does not belong to the persons/sections (Creamy Layer) mentioned in Column 3 of the Schedule to the aforesaid O.M. dated 8.9.1993.

2. Representations have been received in this Department wherein candidates belonging to OBC Communities have reportedly faced difficulty in getting the benefits of reservation. This is because of the fact that in the caste certificate issued by the concerned district authorities, although the name of the caste/community is mentioned in the certificate, the specific resolution by which the said caste/community has been included in the Central List of OBCs is not indicated.

3. Keeping in view such problems faced by the candidates, this issue was examined in consultation with the National Commission for Backward Classes and it has been decided to revise the existing format of OBC Caste Certificate. A copy of the revised format is enclosed (**Annexure**). All the certificate issuing authorities are requested to invariably mention the details of the **Resolution (Number and Date) by which the caste/community of the candidate** has been included in the Central List of OBCs and also to ensure that he/she does not belong to the persons/sections (Creamy Layer) mentioned in Column 3 of the Schedule to the aforesaid O.M. dated 8.9.1993 as amended from time to time.

4. I am to request that the revised format of the Certificate may please be brought to the notice of authorities under the State Governments/Union Territories who are empowered to issue the Caste Certificate.

Yours faithfully



(Sandeep Mukherjee)

Under Secretary to the Government of India
Phone- 011-23092110

Copy to:

1. All Ministries/ Departments of the Government of India
2. Department of Financial Services, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi-110001
3. Department of Public Enterprises, Block No.14, CGO Complex, New Delhi-110003
4. Railway Board, Ministry of Railways, *Rail Bhavan*, New Delhi
5. Union Public Service Commission/ Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat/ Cabinet Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/ Prime Minister's Office/ Planning Commission
6. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi
7. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi
8. National Commission for SCs/National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
9. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi(w.r.t. their letter No.NCBC/7/32/2012-RW dated 16.5.2013)
10. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi – 110 002
11. Information and Facilitation Center, DoPT, North Block, New Delhi.
12. Director, ISTM, Old JNU Campus, Olof Palme Marg, New Delhi 110067
13. The NIC, DoPT with a request to upload it at the website of this Department in OMs & Orders → Estt.(Reservation) → SC/ST/OBC and also under 'What's New'

**FORM OF CERTIFICATE TO BE PRODUCED BY OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES
APPLYING FOR APPOINTMENT TO POSTS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**

This is to certify that Shri/Smt./Kumari _____ son/daughter of _____ of village/town _____ in District/Division _____ in the State/Union Territory _____ belongs to the _____ community which is recognised as a backward class under the Government of India, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment's Resolution No. _____ dated _____. * Shri/Smt./Kumari _____ and/or his/her family ordinarily reside(s) in the _____ District/Division of the _____ State/Union Territory. This is also to certify that he/she does not belong to the persons/sections (Creamy Layer) mentioned in Column 3 of the Schedule to the Government of India, Department of Personnel & Training O.M. No. 36012/22/93 – Estt.(SCT) dated 8.9.1993**.

District Magistrate
Deputy Commissioner etc.

Dated:

Seal

*- The authority issuing the certificate may have to mention the details of Resolution of Government of India, in which the caste of the candidate is mentioned as OBC.

**-. As amended from time to time.

Note:- The term "Ordinarily" used here will have the same meaning as in Section 20 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.